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An independent Arab political daily pub وتجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الارشة "إل إي"

Today's Weather

It will be normal weather, with northwesterly moderate winds. In Agaba it will be dusty, with northerly moderate winds and calm seas

	Overnight Low	Daytime High
Amman	21	32
Agaba	24	39
Deserts	20	35
Jordan Valley	23	39

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 33, Aqaba 40, Sunset tonight: 6:47 p.m. Sunrisc тотогом: 4:32 а.т.

olume 6, Number 1698

AMMAN, THURSDAY-FRIDAY JULY 2-3, 1981 — RAMADAN 1-2, 1401

were now possible.

right-wing policies.

more seat, Mr. Begin was better

placed to muster a majority with

the three religious parties, all of

which lean more towards his

Aguda bloc's five and the Tami

Party's three, Mr. Begin could

have 62 members on his side - a

ders declared they would not coo-

perate with the Tami Party. Its

leader, Religious Affairs Minister

Aharon Abuhatzeira, had broken

Before the election NRP lea-

slender but workable margin.

With the NRP's six seats, the

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Looks like it's Begin gain for another term

EL AVIV, July 1 (Agencies) — Prime Minster Menachem Begin, confident of victory 1 Israel's general election, tonight began uilding a new coalition that could keep him had in power until 1985.

The 67-year-old Begin, written six months ago as a spent polal force, looked well-placed to ure support from religious parwhich yesterday's national in a left holding the balance of

"" le has already won the agrment of the National Religious ty (NRP) to join a new coaon government.

After meeting NRP leader sef Burg tonight, Mr. Begin i reporters he would be able to

announce the formation of a coa-

lition by early next week. Dr. Burg said the alliance between Mr. Begin's Likud Party and the NRP which ruled Israel for the past four years should continue.

"There is reason to believe that the existing framework of a coalition between the religious parties and Mr. Begin's party will continue to exist." he said.

Yesterday's election left the Likud with 48 seats in the 120seat Knesset (parliament), one

away from the NRP to seek the oriental Jewish vote. But Dr. Burg said tonight that the NRP would not object to the inclusion of Tami in the coalition.

"It is impossible to exclude anybody," he said. Additionally Mr. Begin might recruit former foreign minister Moshe Dayan whose hopes of heading an influential political bloc faded when he ended up as

the only member of his new Telem

Party to gain a Knesset seat. Labour could count on support only from two left-wing independents. The party's campaign manager, Yossi Sarid, said Labour still hoped to achieve a coalition 'but not at any price." For instance he ruled out cooperation with the four members of the non-Zionist Rakach Party rep-

resenting Israeli Arabs. Returns from Arab districts showed many voters deserted Rakach and voted for Labour insaid of a further four years of Begin's hardline policies," Mr. Sarid told reporters.

Political sources said Labour made tentative overtures to the religious parties but were coolly received.

The official result of the election will not be known until tomorrow and then it will not include returns from the armed forces.

The full official result will be announced next week. But political analysts said the results would be close to the computer projections.

Only after publication of the full official result can President Yitzhak Navon invite political leaders to form a government.

Reagan, Fraser fail to agree on Sinai force

WASHINGTON, July 1 (Agencies) — President Reagan met Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser of Australia yesterday but they reached no agreement on any Australian participation in a Middle East peace force, Mr. Reagan

The president told reporters, however, that their hour-long White House talk showed the two countries agreed on a number of

security and other issues. When asked about a U.S. request that Australia contribute troops to a force that will be based in the Sinai when Israel withdraws from the occupied region, Mr. Reagan, said: "There's no resolution on that."

A senior White House official said later the issue was a sensitive matter for Australia because of concern that participation in the force might jeopardise its trade with Arab states.

The officials said Mr. Reagan told the prime minister that Australian participation in the force could be an important component of the peace effort and that even a small Australian contingent would be highly desirable.

American officials say Australia's reservations stem from its desire to maintain good relations with Arab countries, do not recognise the Israeli-Egyptian peace treaty and the Sinai peace arrangements.

The officials note that the Australians are anxious to expand wheat, lamb and wool exports to Arab countries.

Mr. Fraser is expected to witbhold a final decision on the Sinai invitation until he confers with his cabinet back home.

U.S. to resume F-16 shipments to Tel Aviv

pment of six F-16 fighterbombers to Israel on July 17 despite its criticism of Israel's bombing of a nuclear reactor in Iraq, the White House said

President Ronald Reagan suspended the delivery to Israel of four other F-16s, the type of aircraft used in the raid. shortly after the reactor was

Deputy White House Press Secretary Larry Speakes said in response to questions that the July shipment was not affected

He said the first four F-16s would continue to be withheld pending the outcome of a study into Israel's use of U.S.-built planes in its raid. He said he did not know when the study would be completed.

Hussein in U.S. networks' interview

Peres or Begin, it's the same

AMMAN, July 1 (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein said today that "basically" there was not "much of a difference in policy" between Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin and Mr. Shimon Peres, the leader of the Zionist state's Labour Party.

United States television networks CBS, NBC and ABC.

"I do not believe that basically on the important issues there appears to be very much of a difference in policy. We had heard that ... Shimon Peres had indicated a concern that in time Israel may become a multinational state, but I don't believe on the basic issues such as Jerusalem and Palestinian rights on Palestinian soil there is much difference. As far as Menachem Begin is concerned he has aimed to build more settlements, to flout all agreements,

He was answering questions to defy the will of the world and during an interview with the three the sad part is I feel now that this conclusively proves that there is a sizeable majority that think like Begin and adopt his policies and support them," King Hussein said.

> Answering a question on Jordan's role in a peace process, His Majesty said he had tried for "so many years to put across honestly and frankly our views on what peace should be based on in this part of the world. The only basis on which peace can last: The retum of Arab territories under occupation, the participation of the Palestinians in shaping their future, their right to selfdetermination including their right to form their own state if they do so desire. All the territories occupied in June 1967: Arab Jerusalem, the guarantees for all for their security and for their future. We have tried over such a long period of time to convey the urgency of this matter and we will try probably once more, but beyond that it's not what we can do. Is the

> King Hussein said "there is no future" for the Camp David accords between the United States. Israel and Egypt. "Menachem Begin may be in the Israeli helm in the very near future. His policies are clear cut and public in terms of all the occupied territories, and his

U.S. able to do anything for the

establishment of a just and dur-

heritage, our past, our present, our yearning for freedom to preserve our identity, to build relations and friendship with people throughout the world, to live in peace and security, all this has been in jeopardy and probably much more clearly now." On relations with the United States, the King said: "We are people who have striven throughout to establish friendship and good relations based on mut-

ong to Israel. The whole question

has been whether some of the

people residing there, so to speak,

an ulien being in a land that Israel

claims is hers. And this is def-

initely not the way to peace, it can

never be accepted. Unfortunately

this issue separates us from the

rest of the world. Our spiritual

have some rights as residents, or as

ual respect and mutual interests between the Arabs and the U.S. But unfortunately, this Arab-Israeli issue is what is dividing us and what has been dividing us throughout. And I believe that the Israeli raid over Baghdad blew away in one swoop all the arguments that were presented at least to the Arab side. I can't see how anyone here in this part of the world, far or near, can really seriously consider that there is a more immediate threat coming from the East, than the threat that is posed on our heads from Israel."

He said one would hope that Israel's raid on Baghdad and the outcome of the election in Israel would have an effect in changing U.S. foreign policy in the Middle "But one is almost beginning to

lose hope. Years and years pass and we watch. In the occupied territories we see arrogance, we see aggressiveness, we see a real threat, we see changes on the ground, changes in Jerusalem, changes in fault is within the Arab World itself. We should do more, we could could do more in the future."

stake "is not ourselves only, but all the past and the future."

'What is at stake... is our very existence as a people, our fre- there, and American total and edom, our national identity, our continued and unlimited support responsibilities towards gen-erations to come, he said. The itarily, at our expense, So long as Middle East is "an important area this intention remains, it's very of the world, strategically placed. difficult for us to focus on any a crossroads, with these resources other problems than that." King

view is that these territories belitime we must do all we can in the face of the challenge no matter how great it is." Answering a question whether

he would consider allowing some Jordanian representatives to meet Mr. Peres, if the Israeli Labour Party leader were a prime minister, the King said it was not "a question of meeting individuals; it is a question of what are the rolicies and the objectives."

"The Arab World as a whole has, time and again, stressed that it seeks peace, a just peace, durable peace. When all the doors are closed, there is nothing very much that could be gained from meetings outside that particular. well-defined arena where all the parties concerned should get together, including obviously the Palestinians, and with the par-ticipation and help of all nations of good will," he said.

Regarding yesterday's statement by French President Francois Mitterrand about the Camp David process being the foundation for any place in the Middle East, the King said:

"Camp David is a thing of the past. The real issue is still there: It's Palestine and it's Jerusalem. it's the rights of people, it's the total occupation, it's the threat, it's other Arab occupied territories, it's Arabs being denied their rights. Now, can we cramp all these elements into the so-called Camp David which has already run its full course to. I believe, its end. Something else must come if we are to be realistic, and before all that, there has to be a real will, real desire for peace."

King Hussein warned that any troop movements by the United States into bases in the Gulf region is not possible "short of bringing about a world war."

"In any area, the minute that you have a base that b every part of that occupied ter- certain power in the world, you ritory. We see the suffering of the are bound to have another one, people and it seems endless. And belonging to an opposite power we hope somehow this world will and our basic fear is really that our awaken, and in particular our fri- area will be divided and split ends in the U.S., to the realities, as apart, and that a kind of war may hard as they are, and as cruel as come to be waged on our land. As they are, and therefore contribute. Arabs, basically, we seek the maifor the establishment of a just and ntenance of our freedom to have durable peace. But one pos- the best relations with all, to build tponement follows another, for our own strength, to be able to one reason or another, and we do deal with the problems that we not know when this change will be may face and there is the pospossible or visible. Possibly our sibility of turbulence in the area from time to time. But ... should the Soviet Union or the United have done more and probably we States decide to consider that it has the right to intervene openly King Hussein said what is at and directly, is that possible short of bringing about a world war? "What is between us and the

U.S. is Palestine, is the injustice available within it, but at the same Hussein concluded.

dissiles in Lebanon are there to stay, vrian Baath Party leader reaffirms

enachem Regin at the height of his election campaign (AP wir-

DAMASCUS, July 1 (R) — A Syrian leader was quoted today as saying his country would not withdraw surface-to-air missiles it installed in Lebanon's Bekan Valley at the end of April. Damascus newspapers carried a report by the official news

agency SANA quoting the deputy leader of the ruling Baath Party, Abdulla Al Ahmar, as making the statement at a press conference yesterday during a visit to Prague. According to the report, Mr. Ahmar said Syria could not neg-

ntiate on its legitimate rights over the defence of the all-Syrian Arab Deterrent Force (ADF) operating in Lebanon under Arab Israel has repeatedly threatened to attack the missiles if they are

jets shot down two Syrian helicopters in the Bekaa, threaten its security. One senior Syrian official said privately that the Soviet-made missiles would remain in the area as long as Syrian forces stayed on

not withdrawn. It says the rockets, which were set up after Israeli

Lebanese territory. Moves yesterday to end a siege by ADF troops of the Bekaa town of Zahle gave rise to hopes that the missile crisis could be resolved. Under a complicated agreement with the Syrians, Labanese

security forces moved into Zahle to take over law and order duties. Nearly 100 militiamen of the right-wing Falangist Party, who had been fighting the Syrians, were evacuated. The Falangist radio in Beirut quoted Arab diplomatic sources today as saying most of the Syrian missiles had been withdrawn,

source-from its news bulletins. A Reuter correspondent who visited the Bekaa today saw three clumps of missiles still in their original position at Anjar, not far from the Syrian border.

but later dropped the report-unconfirmed by any other

Residents of the Bekaa town of Shtoura said another missile emplacement near there was also still in place.

taly attaches strings to offer o complete nuclear labs in Iraq

OME. July 1 (A.P.) - The head of Italy's National Commission for sclear Energy has said he would recommend that Italy halt its ogramme to build nuclear research laboratories in Iraq if it is own lraq's intentions are not peaceful.

"If it is true that the tread state of Iraq has made a statement in your of an atomic bomb, then I will recommend to the government interrupt the programme," Mr. Umberto Colombo, president of e commission, said in a telephone interview. The official Iraqi News Agency had quoted President Saddam

ussein as saying, "any country seeking peace will have to cooperate th the Arabs in one way or another to obtain an atomic bomb and re the real Israeli atomic bombs." Mr. Colombo said he was concerned by the statements and had

ked the Italian foreign ministry to ask Iraq for clarification. "I don't ow if this declaration is true. If it is, that changes our point of ·w." he said. · If Iraq's intentions are peaceful, we are in favour of continuing our operation, Mr. Colombo said. "Up to now we believed in the

aceful intentions of Iraq. They have adhered to the nonoliferation treaty." He said be could not make a recommendation on the basis of new ency reports and would wait for clarification directly from Iraq. Italy is building five research laboratories adjacent to the nuclear actor near Baghdad destroyed by an Israeli air raid June 7.

Mr. Colombo said the laboratories, due to be completed in tour to e months, were not damaged by the raid. Earlier, Mr. Colombo said he had cabled Iraq saying the Israeli id would not affect Italy's cooperation with Iraq, provided Iraq ntinued to assure Italy that Iraq had peaceful intentions. He said he d been convinced of Iraq's peaceful intentions in the past, but inted clarification of President Saddam's recent statement.

WASHINGTON, July 1 (R)— The United States will go ahead with a scheduled shi-

less than the opposition Labour Vote counting was still going on but statisticians said only minor fluctuations in parliamentary seats Although Labour won one

bombed on June 7.

by the president's decision.

Ramadan starts today

AMMAN, July 1 (J.T.) - The Chief Qadi, Sheikh Ibrahim Al Qattan, announced this evening that tomorrow, July 2, will be the beginning of the Muslim fasting month of Ramadan.

On this occasion the chief Qadi issued a statement explaining

that the month of Ramadan was the month in which God revealed the Koran to Prophet Mohammad to guide the path of men to approach God and to do good and charitable work for God's sake.

Sheikh Qattan congratulated the Arabs and Muslims on this occasion, particularly His Majesty the Fing and the Jordanian people, and implored God that by next Ramadan the holy shrines

The Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic and Holy Places Affairs also published a statement affirming the significance of the month of fasting. The ministry called on the Muslims to cooperate with one another like brothers during this month and to behave in accordance with the Islamic principles. It also praised the steadjastness of our kinsmen in the occupied Arab areas.

'Death to America' resounds in wailing Majlis

Khomeini defends IRP politics

TEHRAN, July 1 (Agencies) — Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini today defended the role of the Muslim clergy in the politics of Iran's Islamic revolution and warned the nation against electing a pro-American president.

"Islam without clergy is like medicine without a doctor," said the 81-year-old patriarch of Iran's revolutionary regime in an hour-long speech broadcast by Tehran Radio. "We are legitimately responsible to take part in politics... you have no otherchoice but to get involved in order to protect

Ayatollah Khomeini spoke to a delegation of Tehran ulemas (clergymen) at his Huseeinieh Jamaran residence as the nation's parliament paid a tearful tribute to Chief Justice Ayatollah Mohammad Hussein Beheshti and 71 other fundamentalist leaders killed in Tehran's bomb massacre Sunday.

Avatollah Khomeini again accused the United States of involvement in the blast that wrecked the headquarters of the Islamic Republican Party (IRP), which masterminded the year-long campaign to oust liberal President Abol Hassan Bani-

"Once again," the ayatollah said in the Farsilanguage speech monitored in Beirut, "America's hands came out from the sleeves of the traitors who committed this crime against Islam. 50 guerrillas arrested

Meanwhile, 50 leftist guerrillas who planned to destroy parliament were arrested last night, the newly elected IRP leader, Hojatoleslam Mohammad Javad Bahonar, said today.

Newspapers said the guerrillas from the Mujahedeen-e-Khalq (people's crusaders) group, were arrested after a gun battle with revolutionary guards in which one guerrilla was killed and three

IRP leader Hojatoleslam Bahonar said he believed all opposition groups had joined in a plot involving the United States to attack the rev-

Iran's Islamic leaders have long charged that the mujahedeen who see Islam as an egalitarian force sharing much in common with socialism, are in league with U.S. agents.

Hojatoleslam Bahonar, 47, bearded and wearing the black turban which denotes a direct descendant of Islam's Prophet Mohammad, said the 50 guerrillas arrested last night had been planning to destroy Iran's single house of parliament.

His appointment was announced as aunanimous decision by the IRP central committee. Hojatoleslam Bahonar, jailed under the deposed Shah for opposition activities, was appointed education minister in March this year.

He serves as a member of the cultural revolution board which supervises the purging of Western influences from Iran's closed universities, but he has been overshadowed in public appearances by other members of the board.

Referring to the bombing, Hojatoleslam Bahonar said: "The root of this crime goes back to the great Satan, American imperialism. It was carried out by its agents and monafeqin (hypocrites)," a word generally used by Iranian officials to deride the mujahedeen.

Answering questions, he said he could not claim that Mr. Bani-Sadr had played a role in Sunday's bombing. "But I can say all movements had shares in this incident," he declared.

The new 1RP boss revealed that a dismissed revolutionary guard who shot dead the governor of Tehran's Evin Prison on Monday had formerly been a guerrilla of the mujahedeen and had shouted mujahedeen slogan when he fired the bullets.

It was his first press conference since he was appointed IRP leader in succession to Ayatollah Mohammad Beheshti. His tough speech at today's press conference ind-

icated he may be just as hardline as his predecessor. Apparently rejecting current peace efforts over the Gulf war with Iraq, he declared. "Our position is to continue the war decisively." Hojatoleslam Bahonar said 72 people had died

in Sunday's bomb blast and not 74 as reported vesterday in the official media. There had been some confusion over various lists, he said. He said he had been chosen temporarily for the job by the central committee until the next party

congress in mid-August. He also revealed that the cabinet had decided to hold elections to replace the 27 dead deputies on the same day as scheduled elections for a president to replace Mr. Bani-Sadr. These are due on July 24

but may be postponed for up to one week, he said.

'Revolution will continue'

In the emotional Majlis session, Speaker Hashemi Rafsanjani, who narrowly escaped Sunday's bomb because he left the meeting early, sobbed between phrases as he promised the "martyrs" the revolution would continue.

Three deputies wounded in the blast were wheeled into the chamber in their hospital beds to make up a quorum.

As deputies wept and wailed, Hojatoleslam Rafsanjani gazed at the empty seats and said: "Wherever I look in the Majlis, I see the flowers and light of our eyes, our beloved ones, on the empty seats, the deputies of the nation and guests of the Prophet in heaven.

"The emotions must be controlled, but I am weak. Their places are empty but we will resist and continue the revolution," he said.

Deputy Ali Aqa Mohammadi, of Dehioran, yelling himself hoarse, warned the United States: "You, the United States; the great Satan, the enemy of the revolution, your death is near. The U.S. is the biggest sinner in the world."

The deputies joined in a chant of "Marg bar Amrwka" (death to America) before moving on to routine business.

The government, meanwhile, announced 10 "counter-revolutionaries" have been executed by firing squads in Iran's northern city of Tabriz for staging anti-government riots after Mr. Bani-Sadr's ouster nine days ago.

This brought to 72 the total of officially announced executions in Tehran in two weeks. The latest 10 people executed were described as members of Mujahedeen-e-Khalq and Fedayeene-Khalq, a Marxist-Leninist faction accused of participating in anti-government riots in support of Mr. Bani-Sadr.

Retired Iranian general urges Turks to wage 'holy war' against Khomeini

ANKARA, July 1 (A.P.) — A retired Iranian general who served under the deposed Shah has written from the northwestern Iranian city of Tabriz and called on all Turks living in Iran to rise up in a "holy war" to crush the regime of Ayatollah Ruhollah ! homeini. The "commandment" of Gen. Mukhtar Farabag reached the

Associated Press office here by mail. Gen. Yarabag identified himself as chairman of the "National

Equality Party. It was not clear if that organisation was the same as the "National Equality Front," a previously unknown Iranian Turkish organisation which telephoned a foreign news agency here and claimed responsibility for Sunday's bombing of the Islamic Republican Party beadquarters in Tehran.

The envelope in which the message arrived carried a Turkish

The bombing claim by the "National Equality Front," which also claimed to be an organisation of Iranian Turks, prompted the Turkish foreign ministry to issue a statement Tuesday denying Turkey was offering shelter to Iranian Turks opposed to Ayatollah

At the bottom of the single-spaced, undated one-page letter, was a note which said: "The Turkish office of the National Equality

Party was authorised to issue this commandment." There are an estimated 14 million ethnic Azerbaijan, Turcoman

and Yashgar Turks living in Iran. In his message, Gen. Yarahag called on that minority to be ready for war." "Khomeini and his nides are coiled like a snake and have established a new reactionary and despotic administration. They are

shamelessly trying to use our holy religion as a tool for their shabby goals. Soon this despotic regime will fall on the heads of Fhomeini and his aides," the message said. Gen. Karabag, who addressed his commandment to "Our dear noble sons of the tribes of Azerbaijan, Turcoman and Fashgar and all other Turkish tribes who voluntarily joined our ranks," des-

deprive us of our freedom and democracy." "In every town and every village you have to be ready for this last and violent operation," the retired general wrote.

cribed Ayatollah Fhomeini and his followers as "infidels who

NATIONA



AMMAN, July 1 (Petra) — His Majesty ¥ ing Hussein today opened the Sheikh Mithghal Al Fayez mosque at Umm Al Amad village 15 kilometres south of Amman. The JD 100,000 mosque was built by Sheikh Akef Al Fayez, a Jordanian citizen in commemoration of his father, Sheikh Mithghal,

who was the head of the Bani Sakher tribes in central Jordan. Attending the opening were Chief of the Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi, Chief Chamberlian Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid, Islamic chief justice Sheikh Ibrahim Al Qattan and Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Famel Al Sharif.

JD 3.4m project for JTPIC

ICICO signs to build timber plants in Aqaba

AMMAN, July 1 (J.T.) — A local firm, the International Contracting and Investment Company (ICICO), today signed a JD

Under the contract, ICICO will lay down the infrastructure and

construct the basic installations for the project in 13 months. The Jordan Timber Processing Industries Company (JTPIC), which is undertaking the project, was set up by the Jordan Pension Fund in cooperation with the Industrial Development Bank (IDB) and the Housing Bank in addition to a number of Jordanian investment firms from the private and public sectors in Jordan and other Arab states.

Signing the contract were IDB Manager Ziyad Innab and the cha-irman of ICICO's board to directors, Mr Fakhri Abu Shaqra.

According to Mr. Shakib Al Shakhshir, a JTPIC representative, the project-the first of its type in the region--was promoted by the National Planning Council, which had conducted a feasibility study on manufacturing wood products. It is considered one of the most important schemes included in the new five-year economic plan (1981-1985), and is expected to offer employment to some 730 people, Mr. Shakhshir said.

He added that the project, expected to start production by March of 1983, should be able to halve Jordan's wood import bill.

3.4 million contract to implement the first phase of a project to construct four timber processing plants in Jordan.

The four factories will be con-The final cost of the total project is structed on 160 dunums of land expected to amount to JD 10 million, Mr. Shakhshir said. along the Red Sea coast of Aqaba.

Palestinian day declared

At a ceremony, today, the pre-

educated in Jerusalem and graduated with a law degree. Following that be joined the police force under the Ottoman empire in 1917. In 1946 he was appointed judge at the magistrate court of Nablus, under the British Man-



Hassan Al Fateb

Seamstresses graduate



IRBID, July 1 (Petra) - The Under-secretary of the Ministry of Occupied Territories Affairs, Mr. Abdul Rahim Jarar, today distributed degrees to 17 graduates of a nine-month seamstress' course at the ministry's training centre in Irbid. The undersecretary delivered a speech in which he affirmed

the importance of hard work to serve society, and then presented a memorial trophy and a gift to the centre. Attending the graduation ceremony were top officials of the ministry and the parents of the

400 Romanian scholarships for Jordanians this year

AMMAN, July 1 (J.T.) — Romatic sticking to regulations imposing a fee of \$3.30 a day on students fai-

Exhibitions

* An exhibition of Palestinian handicrafts, at the Ramallah Social Society's headquarters, Interior Ministry Circle in Jabal Hussein.

WHAT'S GOING ON

* "City Reflections", displaying photographs of the City of London by Brian Wigginton, at the British Council in Jabal Amman.

* An exhibition of photographs of the American West by the American Photographer Ansel Adams, at the American Centre, off Third Circle in Jabal Amman.

Razaar

* A bazaar will start at the AUB alumni club on Friday.

400 seats at its universities in the academic year 1981-82, but will ling to leave Romania after completing their course of study there. reduce the number of scholarships but has promised to provide furextended to the Jordanian Minther facilities to Jordanian stu-Bahjat Al Talhouni dents at laboratories and woristry of Education from 20 to five, Ministry of Education sources kshops similar to those offered to their Romanian colleagues, Miss were quoted as saying today. Community The Romanian government will Wahbeh said. college class 37 new social

Al Mufti today patronised a gra-

service college, in which 37 stu-

She delivered a speech in which

she clarified concept of social dev-

also delivered a speech, in which

he reviewed the history of the col-

lege. He said that 379 students

had graduated from the college so

far. At the end of the ceremony,

the minister distributed diplomas

to the graduates.

offer the Jordanian students the opportunity to study any subject of their own choice at these uniworkers in class versities, according to Miss Nabila Wahbeh, a ministry official who AMMAN, July 1 (Petra) - Minister of Social Development In am

recently paid a visit to Romania. During her talks with Romanian officials, Miss Wahbeh disduation ceremony at the social cussed Jordanian students' conditions in Romania and ways of dents graduated. solving their problems.

The Romanian authorities are

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Pick a car in Amman and give it back in Aqaba and **Vice-versa**

elopment and how it serves the **KADA** community. Social work is an obligation and not just a regular job, Mrs. Mufti said, and this obligation means the denying of oneself. The dean of the social service college, Mr. Faisal Gharaibeh,

AMMAN, July 1 (Petra) - July 1 has been declared the Day of Palestinian Folklore by Jordanian Writers Association.

sident of the Committee for Save Jerusalem Committee, Sheikh Abdul Hamid Al Sayeh, met with newsmen and spoke to them about the purpose behind of this nat-

Sheikh Abdul Hamid said that efforts will be concentrated on this day every year to eollect, study and interpret the Palestinian popular heritage, link it with the Palestinian Arab lands.

Hassan Kateb dies at 88

AMMAN, July 1 (J.T.) — Mr. Hassan Al Kateb, a former court minister, parliament member and governor of Jerusalem died here esterday at the age of 88.

Born in Mecca in 1893, he was

Under Jordanian rule Mr. Fateb held several posts and received the Jordanian Yawkab Medal of the First Order.

In addition to Arabic, Mr. Yateb spoke Hebrew, Turkish, French and English.



Special time for Muslin

AMMAN - "Rumadan is the (month) in which was sent down the Koran, as a guide to mankind, also clear (signs) for guidance and judgment (between right and wrong). So every one of you who is present (at his home) during that month should spend it in fasting.
"But if anyone is ill, or on a journey, the prescribed period (should be made up) by days later."

In the first of a series of articles to

·Ramadan, Mohammad Ayish dis-

cusses the Koranic stipulations

be published during the month of

-- The Koran, Sura II, "Baqara" or The Heifer

Since the birth of Islam more than 1.400 years ago, the fasting month of Ramadan has been one of the most prominent features of this religion. Indeed, fasting is considered one of the five pillars of Islam, which also include a testimony that there is no god but God and Mohammad is His messenger: prayers; zakat (alms), and

hojj (pilgrimage). According to Islam, all Muslims (men.women and capable children) are required to fast during Ramadan by abstaining from eating and drinking from dawn until sunset. The timing of the start of the fast as well as of its break are defined in the Koran clearly and simply. In Sura II, we read: "And

graduates

AMMAN, July 1 (Petra) - A

class of 650 students graduated from the Intermediate University

College at a ceremony held at the

The graduates took two-year

The speaker of the Upper

House of Parliament, Mr. Bahjat

Al Talhouni, attended the gra-

duation ceremony and gave a spe-

ech on the occasion, as did the col-

lege's dean, Dr. Abduliah Zaid Al Kailani, who outlined the bac-

kground and the development of

the community college and its fut-

Mr. Talhouni distributed dip-

lomas and prizes to the graduates

towards the end of the ceremony.

ure programmes.

training courses in paramedics,

commerce and engineering tec-

Palace of Culture today.

eat and drink, until the white thread of dawn appears to you distinct from its black thread, then complete your fast, till the night But abstention from food and

drink is not the only requirement Muslims have to meet to fulfil their Ramadan commitments, According to a statement attributed to the Prophet, any Mus-

lim who fasts out of belief and dedication will have all guilt abolished if he also abstains from harming others and "keep himself good."

The Koran goes on to explain more about the nature of the fasting month by defining who should fast and who is exempted. "Fast for a fixed number of days, but if any of you is ill or on a journey, the prescribed number (should be made up) from days later. For those who can do it (only with hardship, there) is a ransom: the feeding of one that is indigent, but he that will give more of his free will, it is better for him. And it is better for you, that ye fast, if ye only knew."

The month of Ramadan has a' special touch that differentiates it from the other months of the Islamic lunar calendar. In Jordan, restaurants, bars and coffee shops will be closed during the day in observance of the occasion. In the

late afternoon, the streets of the herings, either for j capital, as well as other towns in the country, will be nearly empty as people anxiously await the call for evening prayers or the boom of the Ramadan cannon, which usually signals the green light for observers to break their day-long fast.

ervance.

The evening break-fast meal also has its own atmosphere, as it involves a wide variety of food and drink. Unlike Muslims' ordinary daily eating habits. Ramadan eating habits are distinctive. Fasters usually start off their eating with a whispery prayer to God, then they

social family affairs. often fail to go to bed the night, as they have for the suhow, whi night meal to prepar more than 12 hours

Those who do not the suhour are usual by roving mosahhiri beaters, who loudly R to the sound of drum night. When a faster

The meaning and practic

governing the Islamic fa

month, and customs of its

RAMADA

will reach out for a glass of water, a beginning of the day, si cup of soup or even some dates as a "fast-breaker".

The importance of such moments is underscored by another statement attributed to the Prophet, in which he said that fasting believers have two moments of pleasure: the first when they break their fast and the second when they meet God after death.

Ramadan nights are also known for their frequent nightime gatno time to take anoth would prefer to spend prayer or Koran readii

Ramadan is also a ti sgiving as required by alms, which could be in money, clothes or food to poor individuals or (alms) Fund at the l Awgaf and Islamic Al

The significance of z fast is that almsgiving | faster and legitimises h

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

Commemorative stamps issued

AMMAN, July 1 (Petra) — The Ministry of Communications today issued a set of commemorative stamps with a design representing the post office museum in Amman. The 200,000 stamps which come in 25 fils, 40 fils and 50 fils denominations, have been distributed to post offices around the country, a ministry spokesman

Books for Nigerian centre

AMMAN, July 1 (Petra) — The Ministry of Education announced today that it had presented 500 books to the Islamic cultural centre in Nigeria. Among these books were 100 dealing with the Arabic language, 100 on Islamic education and 100 copies of the Koran.

Illegal 'taxi' drivers fined

AMMAN, July 1 (Petra) — Two Jordanian citizens, Ahmad Falah and Abdul Jawad Mahmoud Abdul Jawad, have been fined JD 30 and JD 50 respectively by the military court for charging fees for rides in their private vehicles. Thirteen Jordanian merchants have also been fined JD 50 each for violating supply regulations. The military governor today endorsed the sentences.

AMMAN, July 1 (J.T.) - Minister munications Mohammad Addoub Al Z

Telcoms to be wident

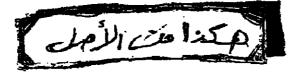
submitted a memo to the cabinet reque allocation of \$1.692 million to finance ansion of Jordan's relecommunications. with the outside world. The expansion er use of 72 undersea telephone cables lim dan with Europe. Jordan at present mak its satellite station too, for telephor munications around the world.

Playground at Azraq

AMMAN, July 1 (Petra) — A two-week course for employees of Jordanian in commercial and financial institutions end institute of public administration toda enteen participants in the course receiv truction on planning and management me well as public relations.

Two Islamic centres plan

AMMAN, July 1 (Petra) — The Min Awqaf and Islamic affairs has decided to two Islamic cultural centres in Irbid and Irbid Governorate, it has been announce



حكذا عن الأصل

Salwa Masri: finding time for work and family

By Dina Matar Special to the Jordan Times

MMAN — Being a housewife and mother three has not stopped Mrs. Salwa Masri om pursuing her education and becoming a teer woman - and a very dedicated one at

final exams.

versity. Mrs. Masri had her third

child - the birth occurred just

when she was about to sit for her

iod of my life," she told the Jordan

Times. "And I scored first again,

although I did my exams later than

my colleagues.

After Mrs. Masri got her B.Sc. in nursing in 1977, she was offered

scholarships to continue her edu-

cation abroad. "But I couldn't

Community Medicine Department at the University of Jor-

dan. She was the first Jordanian

woman to join the pioneering int-

ernational project, which aims at

fostering awareness of a family

planning among the public. The

project also deals with dem-

ographic studies and problems.

So she accepted a job in the

leave the children," she said.

"That was the most difficult per-

omeone happens to be icofor Mrs. Masri, he will find ither absorbed in research sor giving lectures on family ing and marriage cou-

nen Salwa got married in she had to shelve her dreof more education. But the still persisted nine years and she applied to the Unity of Jordan,

was accepted at the nursing there. She recalls: "I chose g because it is related to ne, a subject I always

Salwa was determined to the top of her class, and she iged to do so. Never once durhose long and tedious sems did she settle for anything

than the first position. her second year at the uni-

and pr

For her training, Mrs. Masri had to take a three-month course in New York City, where she joined other trainees from different parts of the world. She says: "I found it really hard to leave the children, since the youngest was only a toddler. But my husband encouraged me, although, frankly, I felt homesick most of the time."

But the experience and the training were worthwhile. When Mrs. Masri got back, she was appointed a junior researcher in the



PROFILES oficial

project at the university. She also nursing students at the Community Medicine Department.

Her plans for further education did not stop there. As soon as the demographic masters' degree programme started at the university, Mrs. Masri was one of six who joined it.

She found time to take her masters' courses in the afternoon. And now, after four years of hard work, she is the senior researcher in the pathfinder project, and trains junior colleagues. She is now, in the process of preparing to write her masters' thesis, which will be on infant mortality in Jordan. Mrs. graduate next year.

'I had to work really hard, and with my work at the nursing department in the morning, and the

lessons in the afternoon. I barely became a part-time instructor of found time for my home," she

> Mrs. Masri also gives lectures at the Princess Muna Nursing College and at Princess Alia Community College, all of which deal with family planning and health awareness.

She is active on the social scene, being a member of two societies here -- the Club of Women Graduates of Arab Universities and the Jordan Family Planning and Protection Association. As part of her activities there, Mrs. Masri gives lectures to women willing to work in her field.

Last year, she was a member of Masri will be among the first to . the twelve-woman delegation that participated in the international women's conference in Copenhagen. She was chosen as the representative of the University of

Jordan, and presented a paper on our country." the health situation and its implications in Jordan.

"That was quite an experience," she said, "since many delegates at the conference did not have any previous idea about

Mrs. Masri enjoys cooking and On the subject of a doctoral baking cakes. degree, Mrs. Masri said she feels it

"I love my family," she said, is time for her to rest and stay "but as long as I am able to work, I with her children -- for a while. will -- for the good of my country, All of her acquaintances sing and especially for the good of her praises on the domestic scene.



Clockwise from left: (1) One of the students in the home electricity course, most of whom are also in the two-year nutrition course. When they graduate they will be qualified to work as nutritionists, but most of them plan to teach; (2) plumbing students get acquainted with the restor tenks on the most of with the water tanks on the roof of the college; (3) automobile repair students who have learned routine maintenance now learn how to change a tire, and (4) home ele-ctricity students concentrate on the practical side of the course.



Reaching out with courses

for women



Text and photos by Marianne Pearson Special to the Jordan Times

WOMEN attending extracurricular courses at the Princess Alia Community College in Shmeisani will not be dependent upon repairmen to fix their automobiles, electrical appliances, or plumbing fix-

Courses are being taught in Arabic by Ministry of Education personnel, specialists in technical education. Because training is practical as well as theoretical, the courses which are in popular demand are limited to 12 students.

Other extracurricular subjects at the college are houseplant culture, artificial flower making, modern mathematics, French and English. Next year courses in personal relations and good grooming will also be offered.

"Our idea," Dean Buthainah Jardaneh said, "is to reach out into community and to serve it."



Israel bulldozes Islamic sites

this statement.

under Israeli patronage, to sign away the property without the knowledge of the community. In 1976, the IIC appealed to the

from other waqf property, such as land, for social and educational

purposes to the benefit of the Mus-

Mr. Fathi Forani, the secretary

of the IIC told Al-Fajr that Mr.

Suhiel Shukri, the Israeli app-

ointee charged with care of Isl-

amic property, is a tool in the

hands of the authorities used for

signing deals with the authorities.

He accuses Mr. Shukri of selling

off the Islamic waqf properties.

rather than using them for the

purposes ascribed by the donors.

The IIC alleges that Mr. Shukri

sold off the cemeteries of Carmel.

Tiri, Hawumi and Al Sheikh cem-

etery, the small city mosque and

40 dunums of waqf lands. Fur-

thermore, Mr. Forani has doc-

umented evidence that Mr. Shukri

pocketed the money realised by

the sales. Mr. Shukri was able.

lim community.

courts demanding that Mr. Shukri be dismissed, as he was neither 'qualified nor honest." The appeal, like their written submission

to various Israeli ministries, was rejected. In 1977, the Israeli authorities started on the destruction of the "small" mosque. They alleged

they were "repairing" it, but were

In 1978, the cemetery of Sheikh Izzedin Qassem (named after a Palestinian leader martyred by the British in 1935) was bulldozed by the Israelis. Again the IIC appealed to the courts, government ministries and public opinion to stop the devastation. Once more they were successful and the vandalism was halted.

ough the destruction after a mas-

sive publicity campaign sponsored

by the residents.

The Politics of the Waqf WAQF IS PROPERTY handed over to waqf authorities by individuals for the benefit of the Muslim community. At the time of making property waqf the donor must specify how income from it should be spent: for instance, of financing schools, mosques or social services. Once the deed is made the property cannot be bought or sold -- it belongs to the whole Muslim community and to God. It must be managed by trustees named in the waqf declaration or those appointed by the Qadi and

Sharia a court. General waqf, which had been managed by the Higher Islamic kri was last heard of in the U.S. Waqf (HIW) until 1948, was designated for communal purpose... When the HIW was broken up after the establishment of the state

of Israel, all waqf property which was supervised by this council was confiscated by the Israeli goveroment when they declared it "absentees property." It included nearly all mosques and some other tracts of land. The income from Istiqlal waqf, while still administered and owned by the wanf committee, was distributed only among members of the donor's hamula (clan).

After all the waqf was grabbed some of it was released to Israeli appointed cosmetic waqf committees usually headed by a Qadi. The appointees were paid by the prime minister's office, through the prime minister's advisor for Arab affairs, anathema to Islam as the advisor is not a Muslim. Political considerations only govern the advisor's choices. Mr. Suheil Shukri was reappointed, even after he was universally condemned by the Muslim community and Mr. Fathi Forani brought documents to show that Mr. Shukri pocketed about IS850,000 after the last deal.

The IIC in Haifa is intensifying their struggle to defend the remaining Islamic cultural and historical heritage in Haifa. Mr. Shu-

From Al Fajar

RED & BLAC

Valentino rises again

By Jawad Ahi

RUDOLPH VALENTINO was an Italian-American whose dark eyes did better acting than his mouth. Yet, the man did not need to use his mouth except occasionally to make silly gestures on the silent screen. It was not his eyes or dashing looks which secured him the romantic appeal which be enjoyed. He got help from the Arab dress which he wore to enhance his magic in the eves of the bewildered women of the 1910's and later. When he died, the Arab "sheikh", which he superficially portrayed on the silver screen lin-

gered behind until these days. What triggered there Valentino thoughts in my mind is the books on Arabs which I saw while recently maming in Western Europe. There is hardly and any bookstand or book store in down-towns or major airports which did not have at least five or six books on the Arabs. Most of these books are fiction and labelled as bestsellers. Their cover jackets are adorned with short outof-context quotations from media reviews testifying to the

mastery of the book. Among such books of course in Harold Robbins' The Pirate which has been turned into a half-successful film. Another book was entitled Dubai. which the publishers claim to be" a tense novel set in the oil and blood-soaked Middle East ... " And so on and so forth, tense novel set in the oil and blood-soaked Middle East...' And so on and so forth,

There are also non-fictional books such as Arabia through the Looking Glass. Described by one critic, the book "is the best modern book on the Arab World that I have so far read." The book itself is not very much biased, but it still has its negative implications. Consider this lengthy quotation for

nstance: Rich is just a sound. What expertise -- technology is knowing. We have n yes. But we are not ric are like the child wh erits money from the be mever knew. He h peen prought up to so He has if in his hen does not know how to If you do not know money, you are not re are not rich." So de Arab say to an Am whom he met on the

All books have on tures with the same V. images. The tobe, the pointed nose, the vei mpy woman, and the works. The thing whi erves study and scrutin why the West thinks t such, but what can w Arabs about it?

It seems that We love to think of us as boosts their morale. T the better race. Now i Arabs in particular? because of Zionis paganda, which nurtur feelings, with continuo erials of all forms music, oil prices, monestments and animosity ael. On the other hand selis are projected as smart, brave... etc. Ye all, somebody is making

good business out of it Let us not be, as Ara amed of what we ar world only respect the Let them hate us, becwho hates you treats equal. But despising is r eptable. Let us use oil m it should be used, and k call it a weapon. All t ionality in the world no the oil weapon is not s moment of truth. If ni used, we will be vie dumb; if we use it we a mios of progress. Let u second for a change, h

though that we are not May Valentino and hi images roast in hell.

protection for Islamic sacred pla-**ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY** ces and use the income coming

t of Directors

JUNOPA HAMMAD RATA ELISSA

VOITAVORATI ANA

WALMOUD AL FATE

RESS FOUNDATION

Warrior's verdict

WE DO NOT believe the elections in Israel have been

inconclusive. To the contrary, the results are a clear com-

ment on the state of affairs in Israel today: a supposedly

"democratic" political system produces election results

that favour the creation of a coalition government whose

common denominator is the application of messianic doc-

trine to contemporary demographic and political problems.

It is strange that we hear western voices complain gravely

about the inclusion of four communist ministers in the

cabinet of French President François Mitterrand, but we

hear no complaints at all about the imminent formation of

an Israeli cabinet explicitly and proudly committed to the

It is too much to expect the emergence of even a small

peace movement inside Israel. What one would have liked

to have seen, however, is the stirrings of a movement of

political and historical realism within the historical sweep

of political Zionism. Will Mr. Begin now form a gov-

ernment and assume that he has a reinvigorated mandate to

bomb any Arab project or occupy any Arab water source or

attack any Arab camp or village that he wishes? What is the

ultimate conclusion of a political process that encourages

the formation of coalition governments fired by a fear of

What we have had from Israel is not so much an election as

it is a declaration of war. So much for democracy.

perpetual conquest of another people's land.

AL RA'I: The European Luxembourg summit statement about our issue amounts to a reaffirmation that this issue can only be resolved by Arab hands and on Arab soil, as His Majesty King Hussein said in the interview he granted a

few days ago to Al Watan Al Arabi magazine. The Luxembourg statement dealt with our issue in lukewarm, evasive terms which did not go beyond a promise to continue contacts with the sides involved in the dispute, and to intensify efforts in this connection, without meutioning the Palestine Liberation Organisation or the "European initiative" which the Arabs awaited so long and

pinned great hopes on. We say frankly that the European summit statement presented nothing to the Arabs but ambigious talk revolving around generalities, as if the Arab cause needed still more fact-finding and contacts and envoys going here and there. The condemnation by the Luxembourg statement of the Israeli attack on the Iraqi reactor as included in the Security Council resolution does not add anything new to

The European statement is a reflection of the Arab reality, which is characterised by division. It is also a strong indicator suggesting the futility of waiting for a solution from somewhere abroad such as the European Community. We should view this statement as an invitation to rid ourselves of our illusions, which made the Arabs believe that the justice of their cause is by itself capable of attracting supporters and sympathisers.

In practical terms, the Arabs have shown their goodwill

towards the European community. It has become certain

now that "most favoured nation" status is absolutely no

substitute for Arab self-strength, and that this self-strength should become the first support of our cause, to be followed by most favoured status and other considerations. Perhaps in light of the lessons learned from the Luxembourg statement, the Arabs will take the initiative in building their own strength. When this is achieved, they will be treated in a way that respects their will and cause and

responds to their just rights. AL DUSTOUR: The fateful battle which the Arab Nation is waging with Israel is in its essence, and since the beginning has been, a struggle with world Zionism-with all that it represents in terms of beliefs, opinions and aggressive, expansionist intentions, and in terms of all that, that means-organised strength and large-scale influence throughout the world. This dispute has never been at any one day a dispute with political parties or any ideological trend

in Israel, which is actually only the advance guard of the Zionist onslaught against the Arab area. Zionism is the root, and from it come the branches of the various Jewish organisations in all parts of the world, including the political parties in Israel which are still organically, ideologically and financially linked with the Zionist leadership, subject to its instructions and implementing

all the strategic designs drawn up by that leadership fully to dominate the Arab area and the entire Middle East. Consequently, the Israeli parties do not act in isolation. from Zionist strategy. The assumption of power by, or removal of, from power a party in Israel is a tactic employed by the Zionist leadership for a certain phase according to the international political circumstances, to secure the continued implementation of Zionist designs in the area without causing events that might affect Israel's rel-

ations with the international community.

forced to stop work part way thr-

BONN — The road to Damascus, it seems, runs through the Ruhr. West German steel industrialists, once zealous supporters of the free

By Roger Boyes

By Awad Abdul Fattah

THE BULLDOZERS which plo-

ughed up the Istiqlal cemetery in

Haifa, June 6, were the latest ins-

truments used by the Israelis to try

to erase all evidence of a Pal-

estinian presence in that city. The

cemetery, like all Islamic waqf

property, has been under the con-

trol of the state of Israel since

1948. The institution of waqf has a

long history in Islamic society.

Essentially it is inviolate property

belonging to God and administered by the Islamic clergy and

committees elected by the local

Muslim community. Pre-'48 Haifa

waqf representatives were res-

ponsible to the Higher Islamic

Council in Palestine. Israel's gra-

bbing and desecration of cem-

eteries, mosques and other waqf

administered property runs com-

pletely contrary to every Islamic

In 1976, the Muslims of Haifa

started a struggle against the con-

fiscation. They established the Isl-

amic Initiative Committee (IIC),

which from the outset demanded

that all waqf be released and put

under the supervision of an ele-

cted and independent Islamic

body. The IIC aims to re-establish

legal and religious principal.

market, are now calling for state assistance in tones ranging from the discreet to the desperate. "Not so much of a conversion, more of a phased withdrawal," was the defensive comment of one West German steel executive recently. A phased withdrawal, it is argued, which has been forced on

West Germany by the heavily subsidised competition from Britain, France and Italy. There have been worried meetings between the industry and the Bonn leadership, and between the regional government of North Rhine Westphalia - which embraces the industrial Ruhr -

and Chancellor Helmut Schmidt. The chancellor made clear in a speech in May that the industry would be naive to expect the large-scale assistance afforded the British Steel Corporation, but there is some hope within Mr. Schmidt's Social Democratic Party (SPD) that some employment-cushioning programme can be devised.

The steel industry's case is as follows: Each tonne of imported European steel is subsidised to the tune, on average, of between DM50 (\$21.3) and DM100 a tonne, depending on the product. According to the West German Iron and Steel Federation, some DM30 billion of public money has gone towards propping up its European competitors, and a further DM60 billion is expected to

flow between now and 1983. Again, according to West German industry figures, that means that in Britain half the cost of producing a tonne of rolled steel -- DM 366 -- will effectively come from public coffers. French steel subsidies, at the rate of DM67 a tonne of rolled steel, seem, by contrast, relatively modest alt-

hough Belgian assistance amounts to DM168 and Italian help amounts to DM114. These figures are a rather crude measure - they make no real distinction between the different types of state assistance - but they are constantly used in the lobbying campaign in Bonn.

The complaint is not so much that European steel imports are mopping up the domestic market imported European Community steel products play a surprisingly small role in West Germany's overall steel consumption - or that West German steel exports to the European Community have suffered (they have, but this has as much to do with world trends as with pricing). Rather, the West German argument is that sub-

some 20 per cent below U.S. and Japanese prices, according to a recent calculation by Count Otto Lambsdorff, the West German economics min-With the help of SPD politicians (anxious to maintain their links with the unions), the steel

sidies have forced European prices artificially low

industry in the Ruhr is asking for a "Saar model" form of assistance. The Saar has received over the past three years some DM1.5 billion worth of state assistance, from the regional government and from Bonn, not including recent credit guarantees to the value of

DM900 million. This is what the Bonn government describes as a "good" subsidy: that is, it is aimed at completely overhauling the region's steel comapnies and trimming some 8.000 jobs between now and 1983.

Many Ruhr steel men would like to see the same measures applied there, with the state emphasis being on regional investment to create jobs for redundant steel workers. This would make restructuring much easier. For example, when Bonn and the Saarland government approved DM1.1 billion worth of subsidies and guarantees for the local steel industry,

readiness to see 5,000 jobs phased out. Now Krupp has a plan to phase out 5,000 jobs and. Hoesch is concentrating production and processing in a move which will cut both capacity and about 8,000 jobs. The result is written all over the balance-sheets of the main West German steelmakers. Krupp Stahl reported a "catastrophic" final quarter last

the unions almost automatically signalled their

year. After recording a balanced result for the first nine months, the company lost DM90 million between October and December. West German producers can no longer compete

with the crude steel prices of other European Community countries. "However efficient we become, however much we increase productivity, however much we introduce energy-saving technology, we cannot compensate for the DM100 a tonne compensitive advantage of our subsidised neighbours," said an

executive of Thyssen -- one of the few steel producers still in the black. Hoesch, for example, now accounts for 50 per cent of the turnover of the West German-Dutch Estel group, and about two-thirds of the group's record net loss of F1 488 million (\$186.9 million) The steel industry acts as a more effective lobby than, for example, the ailing West German textile industry, because so many jobs depend on it and because of its high regional concentration in the Ruhr and the Saar. The loss of 5,000 steelworkers'

jobs in, say, Dortmund, would lead to the ultimate destruction of 15,000 jobs in steel-related and service sectors. The West German notion of dividing up subsidies into good (aimed at restructuring) and evil (those destined to maintain or expand old capacity) is of dubious value. More often than not, it

serves only the lobbying interest of the West

Who is to say that Saar subsidies are good, and

German steel industry.

British Steel Corporation subsidies evil? The West German steel industry is not immune, either, from using subsidies to cover up essentially bad management decisions. Thus, last year, the federal research ministry and the North Rhine Westphalian government agreed to give DM240 million in cheap loans to Hoesch towards replacing three unprofitable

open hearth (Siemens Martin) plants with a plant using oxygen-cooling methods. The justification for the research ministry funds was that the move represented modernisation and market adjustment. Yet the same "modernisation" had been carried out in the early

1970s by many other steel companies, including Thyssen, without resorting to state assistance. The fact of the matter is that the money was made available to save jobs - a situation familiar enough to other European steel industries.

Occupied Jerusalem is rich? Rich is education... Cry for help from the Ruhr's steel industry

Kloeckner has been trying to extract more research ministry funds for its Bavarian-based Maxhuette plant, but it seems that resources are now too tight to make any kind of major commitment. Yet again the state of Bavaria has made it clear

that it is prepared to come up with tens of millions There are four other forms of largely indirect assistance to the West German steel industry:

Steel companies can apply for regional grants

for certain forms of environmental technology - the installation of blast furnace filters for example -- although these are a statutory requirement. Almost all the major steel concerns have shipbuilding interests - Thyssen, Salzgitter, Krupp - and these, in turn, have benefited

from a DM660 million programme to encourage yards to concentrate on the production of high-value, special-purpose vessels. Coal production is heavily subsidised in West Germany and government funds compensate

costs of coking coal, the steel industry's s fuel, and world market prices. Steel execu stress that many steel concerns would i prefer to buy their fuel on the world man There are, however, strict limits on how t non-European Community coal can be

Finally, the state actually owns a major company, Salzgitter. Although it returned efly to profit in 1979, the company has cos country dearly and indeed is tipped to rett loss of about DM200 million on its s making activities for 1980. Having said all this, the West German

still fundamentally sound. The level of sta

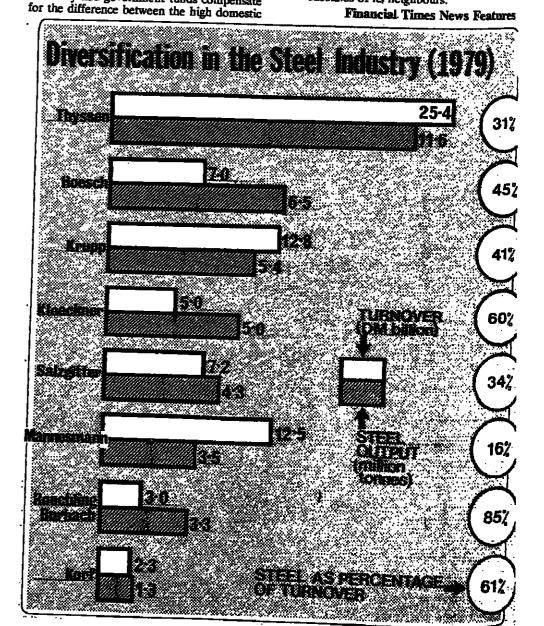
istance is significantly below that in Britai

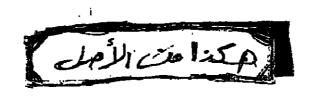
gium and Italy. But perhaps the industry

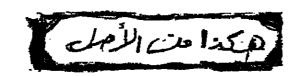
governments, rather than the effects of the

subsidies of its neighbours.

not overlook the fact that mismanagement more often than not been the reason for s government assistance from Bonn or n







Saudi Arabia opens giant oil pipeline

JEDDAH, Saudi Arabia, July 1(R) - Saudi Arabia, the world's largest oil exporter, today shipped the first cargo of crude from a giant pipeline linking its eastern oilfields with the Red Sea.

The tanker Yanbu Pride completed loading 1.5 million barrels of oil today at the Red Sea port of Yanbu, the first vessel to export oil through the 1.200 km. pipeline.

The pipeline, which has the largest capacity in the world, will allow the kingdom to bypass the Gulf and the Straits of Hormuz between Iran and Oman. About half of the non-communist world's oil imports pass through the Straits of Hormuz.

The pipeline, which cost \$1.6 billion and took four years to build. has an initial capacity of 1.85 million barrels per day (bpd) and a potential of 3.7 million, according to Saudi figures. Some 250,000 bod is for use in the Yaubu refinery.

Mobil Oil Corporation of the United States helped design the pipeline and will assist in initial operations and staff training.

'Convict' Flatto-Sharon defeated in Israeli poll

TEL AVIV, July 1 (R) — Israel's general election resulted in the defeat of a controversial member of the Knesset (parliament), Mr. Samuel Flatto-Sharon, who has been convicted by courts in both France and Israel.

Mr. Flatto-Sharon was elected in 1977 as an independent after openly campaigning on his need to acquire parliamentary immunity to escape extradition to France. His appeal to the lelctorate provoked a wave of anti-French public opinion in Israel at the time over France's release of a detained Palestinian commando.

Mr. Flatto-Sharon came to Israel in 1972 just before French authorities began investigating his business affairs. In 1979 a French court sentenced him in his absence to a five year imprisonment. An Israeli court convicted him earlier this year of vote buying in

the 1977 elections. Mr. Flatto-Sharon was suspended from the Knesset but the high court of appeal overturned the decision. Legal experts said it was not yet clear whether Mr. Flatto-Sharon would be extradited to France now that he has lost parliamentary

FOR SALE

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MIDDLE EAST BRIEFS

Waldheim welcomes referendum on Western Sahara

GENEVA, July 1 (R) — United Nations Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim said today that Morocco's proposal for a ceasefire and internationally-controlled referendum on independence in the Western Sahara could open the door to a peaceful solution. Speaking at a news conference, Mr. Waldheim said the decision by African states to ask the U.N. for a peace-keeping force to help to end the fighting between Morocco and Algerian-backed Polisario guerrillas was a step forward. A summit meeting of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) in Nairobi agreed to ask the U.N. to join it in sending peace-keeping units to the Western Sahara to supervise a ceasefire and referendum. King Hassan of Morocco had proposed the truce and controlled referendum. "From what I have heard. Algeria has reacted in an encouraging manner," Mr. Waldheim said in answer to questions, but added that organising a joint force would not be easy.

Iranian ex-premier rules out alliance with Bani-Sadr

PARIS, July 1 (R) — Former Iranian prime minister Shapour Bakhtiar today condemned Sunday's bomb attack which killed 74 Iranian leaders but said it "would never have taken place if a minimum of freedom existed there." He also said he would never ally himself with former president Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr, who was deposed this month. Mr. Bakhtiar, who hled power briefly in 1979 before being swept aside by Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's Islamic revolution, said in an interview with the French domestic news agency ACP that the Tehran bomb attack was odious. "But" it is the way Iran is today governed which leads people to react that way," he added. Asked about possible alliance with Mr. Bani-Sadt whose whereabouts are unknown, Mr. Bakhtiar replied: "He was responsible for hundreds of executions." "If he came here, I'd tell him that I would even prefer to collaborate with Ayatollah Khomeini than I would with him.

Iran won't pay debts

ROME, July 1 (R) - Iran owes about \$200 million for work at its port of Bandar Abbas but wants to pay only in non-convertible Rials, the Italian main contractors said. Sergio de Amicis, president of the Condotte d'Acqua group which is responsible for 90 per cent of the work, told reporters after the company's annual meeting yesterday that a delegation would shortly travel to Iran to seek agreement over payment. He said Iranian Transport Minister Moussa Kalantari, one of the officials killed in Sunday's bomb blast in Tehran, had agreed to try to settle the dispute. "Now we shall have to start all over again", Mr. de Amicis said. Completion of work at Bandar Abbas, one of the largest foreign contracts not cancelled after Iran's 1979 revolution, has been delayed by the country's political upheavals and the war with Iraq.

Tribunal on Iranian assets in U.S. convenes

THE HAGUE, July 1 (R) - An Iran-U.S. tribunal to rule on contested claims affecting billions of dollars of Iranian assets frozen in the United States was convened here today by its president, Judge Gunnar Lagergren of Sweden. It will judge claims that cannot be resolved by negotiation and consists of three American, three Iranian and three mutually agreed third-party members under the terms of the January 19 Algiers agreement which freed 52 U.S. hostages in Tehran. Claims are estimated to be worth billions of dollars. Some or all of them could in theory be settled outside the court but the process is likely to take years, informed sources said. The tribunal will meet for four days in closed session to sort out procedural questions before adjourning to study issues involved. The Iranian government agent, Mr. Mohammad Eshragh, said he expected the next full meeting about October. Among many details still to be settled is the venue of the tribunal. So far it has met in the permanent Court of Arbitration in the Hauge.

Kuwait parliament approves budget

KUWAIT, July (R) - Parliament has approved Kuwait's 1981-82 budget of \$18.8 billion based almost entirely on revenue from crude oil exports. The recently-elected national assembly interrupted its 10-hour budget session to discuss its secret defence allocation, which last year accounted for about 10 per cent of the state budget of \$17.4 billion. Developments in Afghanistan and Iran and the outbreak of the Iraq-Iran war have increased Kuwait's attention to defence. Although the Gulf state lowered its daily oil output from 1.5 million to 1.25 million barrels per day last April, the budget estimated oil revenue at \$18.1 billion, 13 per cent more than last year's estimates. The government set aside \$5.3 billion for the reserve for future generations and \$2.5 billion for the general reserve fund. A sum of \$2.1 billion was allocated for development, about 32 per cent lower than last year. The new fiscal year begins today.

Non-aligned ministers to meet on Gulf

LUSAKA, July 1 (R) - Foreign ministers of Zambia. India and Cuba will meet in Lusaka on July 4 in an attempt to help settle the border war between Iran and Iraq, the Zambian foreign ministry has said. A ministry spokesman said the meeting would also be attended by a representative of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) of senior officials from the Non-aligned ministerial committee which is mediating in the dispute.

Iraq, South Korea establish relations

SEOUL, South Korea, July I (AP) - South Korea and Iraq have agreed to establish consular relations, the foreign ministry announced today. A ministry spokesman said the accord was reached last April 15. The two countries have yet to agree on maintaining full ambassadorial ties. Iraq has already appointed as its first consul-general in Seoul Mr. Riyad Ali Al Azwi, who arrived here last Friday to prepare for the opening of his consulate general, said the ministry spokesman. He declined to say whether Seoul has appointed its consul-general in Baghdad.

Oil tanker stranded in Gulf

BAHRAIN, July 1 (R) - A full-loaded oil tanker was lying crippled on a sandbank off Saudi Arabia today after developing a fault in its ballast system, shipping sources said. They said the Barcelona, about 235,000 tonnes, started sinking slowly yesterday after it took on a full load of 1.7 million barrels of crude oil at Saudi Arabia's Juaimah terminal in the Gulf. The ship is owned by the Spanish firm Compania Auxiliar de Navigación S.A., the sources said. They said the crew had been unable to stop a seawater intake and water poured in, pulling the ship down. The sources said tugs towed the ship to a sandbank to run it aground and experts were planning to pump off the cargo.

Turkish foreign minister in Prague

VIENNA, July 1 (R) — Turkish Foreign Minister liter Turkmen. on an official visit to Prague, has met Czechoslovak Prime Minister Lubomir Strougal for talks on political and economic cooperation, the official news aagency CETEKA said. The two sides earlier signed three bilateral agreements on expanding economic and cultural relations, CETEKA said.

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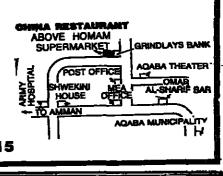


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ECONOMY

Maintaining profitability despite difficulties

Alia's fleet expansion: non-stop

By Jenab Tutunji Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, has just received the last Boeing 727 it had on order, one of six aircraft scheduled for delivery this year to the airline, which has announced profits of JD 1.25 million for 1980.

Alia received one 727 last year. two more in January and February this year and one Boeing 747 jumbo in March; the dates of delivery of the first two of five Lockheed L 1011 TriStar widebodied jets have been moved up to Sentember and October this year. Two more TriStars will be received next year, and the fifth in

Releasing details of Alia's financial performance in 1980 for the first time. Vice President for Finance Fahed Fanek inld the Jordan Times that profits in 1980 were down from JD 2.24 million in

Total revenues last year were just over JD 80.1 million, 39 per cent higher than the previous year (up 22 per cent in real terms).

while expenses went up by 42 per of a few Arab airlines and one of a cent to slightly under JD 78.9 mil-

The airline's profit margin was only 1.56 per cent of its total revenue for the year.

Mr. Fanek singled out a 35 per cent increase in non-operating expenses, mainly due to higher interest paid on long-term loans and losses due to wild foreign currency fluctuations, as the main reason why the airline did not achieve JD 3 million in profits as estimated in the 1980 budget. "These two factors combined reduced our profits by about JD 2 million." he noted.

Rare profitability

Nevertheless, Alia remains one.

mere dozen or so international carriers to have registered a profit in 1980, he said.

The sharp increase in the interest rate on a \$70 million component of loans worth JD 143 million (\$470 million) for the purchase of aircraft cost Alia JD 1.4 million more than would have been the case had Eurodollar rates remained steady. The \$70 million loan, which covers 85 per cent of the cost of the purchase of Rolls-Royce RB 211 engines for five Lockheed L 1011 TriStars, is guaranteed by the British Export Credit and Guarantee Department and pegged to London

The rest of the financing for the whole package was secured through the U.S. Export Import Bank (Eximbank), which fortunately carries a fixed interest rate, and through a JD 9 million local syndication led by the Arab Bank and a JD 10 million local bond, issue in two tranches.

In 1980, Alia also paid \$5 million in interest on loans for aircraft not yet received which were entered as pre-paid expenses. The airline's policy is to recognise expenses when incurred; no expenses are capitalised or deferred.

A significant reason for the drop in profits as compared to 1979 was a 50 per cent increase in the price Alia pays for its fuel. The increase amounted to JD 7 million, which was more than had been anticipated in the 1980 budget. Although Alia still pays concessionary prices for the fuel it' buys in Jordan, such prices are now only nine cents less a gallon than what it pays in the United

The cost of flight operations increased by 59 per cent, while flving hours increased by only 17 per cent, indicating a 35.9 per cent rise in the unit cost, attributable primarily to the increase in fuel pri-

The cost of ground station operations went up by 27 per cent, although the number of dep-

her, reflecting an 8.5 per cent increase in the cost of services at intemational airports.

Mitigating factors

The above was largely counterbalanced by three main factors which contributed to the 22 per cent real growth in revenues: the productivity of employees (measured by tonne-kilometre performed by the staff) increased by 9.6 per cent; the yield (or cash revenue per tonne-kilometre performed) was 18 per cent higher than the previous year. Passenger revenue was up 44 per cent, 22 per cent of which reflects a growth in passenger-kilometres carried, indicating a 17.6 per cent improvement in the yield of the passenger-kilometre unit due to pricing. Freight revenues were up by 42 per cent while the tonnekilometres of freight carried rose by 20 per cent, reflecting an 18.3 per cent increase in cargo tariffs. In addition, the load factor was up by 2.2 per cent, despite a 0.9 er cent drop in the seat factor, Mr. Fanek added.

Gross income from scheduled .services increased by 44 per cent in current prices, while charter income declined by 20 per cent because of the lack of extra capacity. There was an 18 per cent improvement on air fares.

Mr. Fanek said the new route to Chicago was already operating very successfully, and that Alia planned to open new routes to Bucharest and Belgrade this year. The airline is operating six flights from Amman to New York a week, two of which continue to Chicago and two to Houston. The load factor on the U.S. flights is above 75 per cent, he added.

The most profitable routes are those to the Gulf. Saudi Arabia, Cairo and London, while the highest traffic is on the routes to the U.S. and the Far East which, however, have lower yields, Mr. Fanek. LONDON, July 1 (R) - Libya, crudes by \$1.10 to \$39.68 a barrel, a spokesman for British Petwhich charges the highest oil prices in OPEC, has offered to cut roleum (BP) said today.

the price of one of its high-quality

McNamara

WASHINGTON, July 1 (R) ---

Robert McNamara retired yes-

terday after 13 years as president

who, even his critics agreed, was

responsible for pushing the bank

into a much greater role in multi-

national lending turned over the

bank keys to his successor, A.W.

Mr. Clausen, 65. former Bank

of America chairman, takes over

the World Bank post at a time

when the agency may be facing

some of its most difficult days bec-

ause of increased demands by

poorer countries due to energy

At the bank's annual meeting

last year, Mr. McNamara, in an

emotional speech, said it was sho-

cking to reflect that "at the end of

this century 600 million human

beings in the developing countries

will continue to live in absolute

poverty that he had seen during

his years at the bank and of the

agency's efforts to change these

we do not know their names, we

cannot count their numbers", he

told representatives of 141 cou-

ntries. "But they are there. And

their lives have been touched by

During most of Mr. McN-

amara's executive career there

was nothing obvious to suggest

that he was moving towards alm-

ost a crusader's role in aid to dev-

tagon in 1954, he and nine col-

leagues sent out a prospectus to 20°

industrial concerns, offering the-

mselves as a "package deal" to

any company requiring man-

While employed at the pen-

us. And ours by them."

eloping countries.

agerial talent.

We do not know their faces,

He spoke also of the grinding

The hard-driving executive

Robert

retires

of the World Bank.

costs and inflation.

conditions.

Clausen.

Libya offers to cut oil price

Industry sources said oil companies had been pressing for a five-dollar reduction because of the world oil glut, which has depressed prices and forced other producers to make price cuts.

The state-owned British National Oil Corporation (BNOC). which produces similar highquality oil from the North Sea, cut its price from \$39.25 to \$35 a barrei on June 15.

The BP spokesman declined to

say whether the price cut, for quarter contracts, was accept But oil industry sources said thought BP was unlikely to to the new price because the

The sources said Libya apparently bringing its oil into line with those of Nigeria Algeria, which charge around a barrel. All three countries ether with Gabon, said at a ting last month that they w make no change to their of

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON, July 1 (R) - Following are the buying and selling r. for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at the clos trading on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets tod

1,9020/40 One sterling One U.S. dollar 1,2030/33 2.4115/30 2,6770/6800 2.0715/35 5.7250/300 39.40/45 1198.00/1199.00 5.1200/25

227.90/228.10 6.0600/50 7.5800:50

U.S. dollar Canadian dollar West German mark Dutch guilders Swiss francs

One ounce of gold 425,00,426,50

French francs Belgian francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

LONDON STOCK MARKE

LONDON, July 1 (R) - Share prices closed firmer in qu. trading with electrical issues continuing to attract support, deale said. At 1500 the F.T. index was up 3.6 at 548.4.

Equity leaders were generally a penny to 4p higher wh among electronics GEC and Racal rose 8p apiece to 738p a 426p respectively. Plessey was up 5p at 339p while Ferranti rose similar amount to 585p, dealers noted.

U.S. shares were generally lower while Canadian issues we little changed, dealers said. Boots, John Brown, Glazo, Hawker Siddeley and Vickers we

a penny or two firmer. Against the trend ICI was down 2p at 278 Banking shares eased back to last night's closing levels after firmer opening dealers noted. Barclays, Nat West and Lloy were unchanged on balance. Government bonds were up to 34 point lower after a qu

session, dealers said.

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Goethe Institute

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Maghreb

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Spanish Cultural Centre 24k

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PRAYER TIMES

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Hussein Youth City

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dan Intercontinental Hotel, Telephone 44321.

JORDAN TELEVISION **FOR THURSDAY**

CHANNEL 3

2:00	,
2:25	Local programm
	hildren's programm
	Arabic serie
4:00	The Five Adventure
4:25	Arabic serie
5:20	Arabic serie
6:00	Local programm
6:40 A cor	npelition programm
7:00	Programme previe
_7:15	Local programm
8:00	News in Arab
	Arabic serie
9:30	Arabic serie
10:15	Arabic pla
11:15	News in Arabi
11:30	Cont. of the pla

CHANNEL 6

6:00	French Programn
7:00	News in French
7:30	News in Hebra
8:30	Comed
	"Holging forte
9:00	Hage
10:00	News in Englis
10:15	Movie of the Wes
FOI	R FRIDAY

CHANNEL 3

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23:15		News	in Arabi
23:30		Аг	abic song
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CHAN	NEL 6		

French Programme

7:00	News in French
	News in Hebrew
	"That's my Mama"
9-06	Crown Court
18-86	Name in Table
10.50	News in English
10i,13	Baretta

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz FM FOR THURSDAY

Morning Show News Bulletin Morning Show 10:00 **News Summary** 10:03 . Pop Session 11:00 Signing off News Headlines .. Pop Session 13:00 News Summary . Pop Session 13:03 14:00 14:10 Instrumentals 14:30 Men from the Ministry Concert Hour News Summary 16:03 Instrumentals Old Favourites 16:30 17:00 Melody Time 17:30 Pop Session News Summary Jordan in History 18:03 18:30 Special Feature 19:00 ... Music 20:30 **Evening Show** 21:00 News Summary 21:03 Evening Show

FOR FRIDAY

7:00	Sign on
7:01	Morning Show
7:30	News Bulletin
7:40	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
	Pop Session Listeners' Choice
	News Headlines
	Pop Session
	News Summary
	Pop Session
	News
	Instrumentals
14:30	In Concert
	Concert Hour
16:00	News Summary
	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
	Soul Spectrum
18:00	News Summary
18:03	Top Twenty
	News Desk
19:30	World of Arabian Music
	Andalucia
	Special Feature
21:00	special realure
	Jazz Hour
.,,,.	Sign off

FRIDAY 639, 720, 1413 KHz

04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Wimbledon Report 04:45 Financial News 04:55 Hours News Summary 05:30 Music from Scotland 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Nat-

World 07:00 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 Ser-0 Business Matters 22:00 dd News; The World Today 5 Book Choice 22:30 Financial s 22:40 Reflections 22:45 rts Round-up 23:00 World vs: Commentary 23:15 Mer-nt Navy 23:30 Meridian

BBC WORLD SERVICE FOR THURSDAY &

Reflections 05:00 World News; 24 ure Notebook 06:40 The Farming

enade 07:45 Network U.K. 08:00 World News: Reflections 08:15 One in Ten 08:30 John Peel 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 Financial News 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 Rock Salad 10:15 Wimbledon Report 10:30 My Music 11:00 World News: News about Britain 11:15 Portraits of Our Time 11:30 Business Matters 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Top Twenty 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News: 24 Hours News Summery 13:30 Cricket 13:45 The Pleasure's Yours 14:30 Cricket and Wimbledon 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News; Commentary 16:15 Wimbledon 81 16:45 The World Today 17:60 World News 17:09 Meridian 17:40 Waveguide 17:45 Sports Round up 18:00 World News: News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Brain of Britain 1981 19:00 Outlook; News Summary; Stock Market Report 19:43 Look Ahead 19:45 Report on Religion 20:00 World News; 24 Hours News mmary 20:30 A Jolly Good ow 21:15 Wimbledon Report

71 30 40 90 90 90 90 90	Sign on Morning Show News Bulletin Morning Show News Summary Pop Session Listeners' Choice News Headlines Pop Session News Summary	Show 21:15 Wimbledon Report 21:30 Business Matters 22:00 World News; The World Today 22:25 Book Choice 22:30 Fmancial News 22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 World News; Commentary 23:15 Merchant Navy 23:30 Meridian
03	Pop Session	CHANGES FOR
06	News	FRIDAY
01	Instrumentals	FRIDAT
30	In Concert	
00	Concert Hour	
00	News Summary	13:30 Ladies' Singles Finals; 20:30
03 .,	Instrumentals	Act One 21:45 Letter from London
30	Old Favourites	23:30 The Adventures of Harry
	Soul Spectrum	Richmond
	News Summary	
03	Top Twenty	
00	News Desk	VOICE OF AMERICA
30 V	Vorld of Arabian Music	FOR THURSDAY &
00	Andalucia	
30	Special Feature	FRIDAY
NA	lass House	
00	Jazz Hour	GMT
PV	,	

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30

News, pop music, features, lisquestions. 17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "The Making of a Nation." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup: repons.opinion, analyses, 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English; news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comments, analyses.

AMMAN AIRPORT FOR THURSDAY

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5:30 7:40	,

ARRIVALS:
5:30 Jeddah (S\
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8:55 Aqab
9:20 Damascı
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10:00 Dhahra
10:05 Abu Dha
11:05 Riyadh (SV
11:40 Cairo (EA
11:45 Rawalpindi (BA
13:35 Larnac
15:35 Kuwait (KAC
16:30 Amsterdam (KLM
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DEPARTURES 3:30

20:30

FOR FRIDAY

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8:30	Jeddah
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9:20	Beirut
9:30	Dubai, Abu Dhabi
9:40	Dhahran
15:25	Tripoli, Benebazi
15:35	Jeddah, Medina
16:50	Cairo
H7:10	Madrid, Athens
17:15 N	lew York, Amsterdam
17:30	Paris
17:30	Kuwait
17:45	Cairo
18:00	London
19:00	Cairo
19:35	Zurich, Athens (SR)
19:55	Frankfurt
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24:00 Baghdad
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10:00 Frankfurt
11:00 Cairo
H:00 Vienna N. Vork Houston
11:15 Copenhagen, Athens
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14:00 Cairo
10:30 Benghazi, Tripoli
18:30 Kuwait
19:15 Damascus
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20:00 Cairo
20:35 Abu Dhabi
21:35 Dubai, Karachi 21:45 Dhahran
24:25 Cairo (EA)
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EMERGENCIES
FOR THURSDAY

DOCTORS:	 254
Zarqa:	 9 2 3
Irbid:	
PHARMACIES:	
Al Selam	/30

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	TAXIS:
Aqaba	Venicia
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Beirut	Sports City
Dubai, Abu Dhabi	Khaldoun
Dhahran	Al Mahd
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Jeddah, Medina	
Cairo	FOR FRIDAY
Madrid. Athens	:
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Paris	Amman:
Kuwait	Ramzi Mazawi
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10:00 Frankfort	
11:00Cairo	
11:00 Vienna N. Vork Houston	
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FOR THURSDAY	

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Vancif Canada AFC 10153954	
Yousif Samour 25648/63254	
Abol Aziz Al Jamal 353/36194	
Zarqa:	
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Farah Al Aqrabawi,81923	
Irbid:	
Ahmad Al Tawalbeh . 3034/2035	
PHARMACIES:	
Amman:	
Al Salam 36720	

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	Al Hikmah(—)
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Cairo (EA)	Hisham (—)
Jeddah	TAXIS:
Aqaba Kuwait	Venicia 44584
	Al Najah 23039
Beirut	Sports City 63273
ai, Abu Dhabi	Khaldoun 62315
Dhahsan	Al Mahd 37312
ipoli, Benghazi	
eddah, Medina Cairo	FOR FRIDAY
fadrid, Athens	· .
k, Amsterdam	DOCTORS:
Paris	Amman:
Kuwait	Ramzi Mazawi94788
Cairo	Joseph Imsieh 55638/62390
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rbid:
Anwar Al-Shouboul . 2624/72680
HARMACIES:
Amman:

French Cultural Centre 37009 LOCAL EXCHANGE

Saudi riyal	98.6/98.2
Lebanese pound	76.6/77.6
Syrian pound	56.6/60.6
raqi dinar	710/720
Kuwaiti dinar	1189.3/1195
Egyptian pound	. 397.6/402,6
Qatari riyal	91.4/92.1
	USEI

UAE dirham Omani riyal 963,3/973,3

American Centre

CULTURAL CENTRES

British Council 36147-8

Nairoukh

Al Salam

Ibn Sina

Ajloun

TAXIS:

Habi ..

Al Rainbow

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Al Sahra

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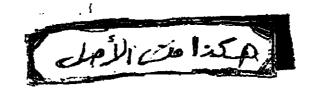
French franc Dutch guilder . Swedish crown 335/337 U.K. sterling 651.6/655.5 W. German mark 140/140,8 Belgium franc

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ordan Electric Power Co. (emergency)	36381-2	•
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Firstaid, fire, police
Cablegram or telegram
Telephone:
Information
Jordan and Middle East trunk calls
Overseas radio and satelline calls
Talashana mainteagnas and sample samples

MARKET PRICES

Tomatoes120	80	Grape leaves
Eggplant	120	Bananas
Potatoes (imported)	100	Apples (African, Japanese
Marrow (small)140	90	Apples (American, Chilean, Red) 460
Marrow (large)80	50	Apples (American, Chilean, Green) 430
Cucumber (small) 210	140	Apples (Double Red)
Cucumber (large)120	80	Apples (Starken)
Faqqous 140	100	Melons
Peas 410	350	Water Melons 90
Okra (Green)	300	Plums (Red)
Okra (Red) 260	180	Piums (Yellow)
Muloukhiyah 65	40	Apricots260
Hot Green Pepper 380	300	Cherries
Cabbage120	80	Lemons420
Onions (dry)90	60	Oranges (Valencia, Waxed)
Garlic 440	300	Oranges (Waxed)150
Carrots	100	Grapefruit
Potatoes (local) 140	90 .	



Al Jihad

Al Hashim

Cairo (EA)



Hani Al Majdoub (white shirt) of Amman Football Club with an attempted strike at goal only to be converted into a corner by Anwar Issawi of Al-Jazeera Football Club in the opening game of the League season last night which Al-Jazeera won 3-0.

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1981

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll/Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: There are confusing conditions early in the day that require your careful attention. Don't become upset by them to take unwise actions at this time. Strive for more accord with others.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Study new interests more carefully and get better results with them. Purchase new

apparel to improve your appearance.

WIAN TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Handle pressing financial affairs early in the day for best results. Study a tense situation and remove the cause of the trouble.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) You have made promises to others and should carry through with them or you could lose their goodwill. Use common sense.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Get busy at the work ahead of you, even if it is boring, and it will soon be behind you. Express happiness.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Count the cost well where ecreation is concerned. If certain duties seem to be difinicult, persevere and they become easy. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) A good day to find out

what family members expect of you to keep harmony at nome. Do some entertaining tonight. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You could receive a comnunication that is hard to understand, so study it well

refore you do anything about it. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Study your montary ituation carefully and then you will know how to invest

and where. Evening is best spend at home. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Your hunches are

not good during the day but can be relied upon at night. 'ou can add to present prestige now. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) A personal matter

nay not be as bad as you think, so analyze it objectively. Don't leave any unfinished tasks. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Concentrate on getting

head in your line of endeavor. Strive for a better inderstanding with loved one.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Consult an associate about listurbing business affairs. Engage in a new enterprise and show your finest talents.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will se very blunt and should be taught to use tact and liplomacy with others and avoid arguments. Give as fine in education as you can. Sports could be the forte here, or my profession requiring physical stamina. The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make

of your life is largely up to you! PRAYER

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, JULY 3, 1981

FOR THUS

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You are now able to turn problems into opportunities early in the day. You can do :hings in a precise manner and get ahead in your line of mdeavor. Plan the future wisely.

ARIES (Mar. 2) to Apr. 19) Study the work you have to FCR fRD io, then plan your time and activities well so you can accomplish what is really important.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Plan recreational acrivities early in the day. Use tact when conversing with others. Strive for harmony with loved one.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Take steps to spend your noney more wisely than in the past. Make certain you

ion't lose your temper with loved one. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Use tact with associates when discussing important business matters.

Allow time to engage in favorite hobby. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) The morning is the best time o talk with financial experts. Show others that you are an

excellent citizen. Follow your hunches today. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) The early part of the day uns smoothly but later you have to exercise more caution n handling finances. Show that you have wisdom.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Make plans that could give rou added income in the future. Obtain information you need from the right sources. Be logical.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Good day to spend more ime with loyal friends and gain their goodwill, but don't eglect routine duties. Express happiness.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) A day to handle ersonal matters. Contact an influential person and get

be support you need. Be poised. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Study new ideas and rays to make your future brighter. Strive for more self-

steem in civic matters. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Don't put aside all that ork awaiting your attention at this time. Seek the com-

any of good friends later in the day. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Know what is expected of on by associates. One who opposed you in the past can

s converted now to your way of thinking. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will o much to help others, but should be taught to be asonable, otherwise some individuals may try to advanage of your progeny. Send to schools that will bring out re fine, innate intelligence in this chart.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make I your life is largely up to you!

Mandlikova meets Evert in final:

LONDON, July 1 (R) — Chris Evert Lloyd, the top-seeded American, and second-seeded Hana Mandlikova of Czechoslovakia won the women's singles semifinals at the Wimbledon tennis championships today to set up an intriguing final on Friday.

Lloyd, the highly-trained baseline specialist whose achievements have been built on hours of practice, overwhelmed her 18-year-old compatriot Pam Shriver, the seventh seed, 6-3, 6-1. Mandlikova, 19, an instinctive player who performs with an easy grace, came through aga-

inst her fellow Czechoslovak Martina Navratilova, the fourth seed, 7-5, 4-6, 6-1.

Lloyd, 26, won Wimbledon in 1974 and 1976, but has been the beaten finalist for the last three years, losing 12 months ago to Australia's Evonne Goolagong.

Mandlikova will be appearing in her first Wimbledon final although it will be her fourth major championship final for 12 months. She lost in three sets to Llovd in the U.S. Open final last Sep-

tember before going on to take the Australian title in November and the French Open in Paris a month

Neither semi-final lived up to expectations. Shriver totally failed to extend her more experienced compatriot and Mandlikova and Navratilova were apparently so stage-struck at the start of their match that errors comfortably Outnumbered winners.

Navratilova, 24, who now lives in the United States, had given their match an added dimension by complaining before the toumament that it was unfair she had been seeded below Mandlikova.

Allen appointed WBA manager

BIRMINGHAM, England, July 1 (R) - Ronnie Allen, one of English First Division soccer club West Bromwich Albion's (WBA) greatest players, today returned to the club as manager for the second time. His appointment to the job left vacant by the move of Ron Atkinson to Manchester United three weeks ago was announced by the Albion board. Allen, who played in more than 500 matches for Albion in the fifties, became the club's manager in June, 1977. He stayed for only half a season before taking up a job as manager of the Saudi Arabian national team and also had a spell in Greece. "I hope I am here for a very long time to come," Allen said.

Hinault leads Tour de France

PAU, France, July 1 (R) -French world champion Bernard Hinault today won the seventh stage of the Tour de France cycle race, a 26.5 kil-ometre individual time trial between Nay and Pau in southwest France. Hinault took the overall lead from Australian Philip Anderson.

Tennis Talk



Be a star at net

My Maureen Stalla

Learn to vary the stroke you use at net. If the ball is hit to you very hard, all you need to do. and all you have time to do, is block the ball back. With a firm grip and a firm wrist simply place the racket infront of you and let the ball rebound off. Don't add speed; just control the direction.

However you do need to add speed to slow floating balls. Use a short-swing drive to add speed to the shot. Most balls will be hit at a medium speed.

Those you should jab back the classic punch volley. Think of using only as much swing as you have time for.

Block the fast ones jab the medium ones and drive-volley the slow ones.

50 HZ single phase.

A good volleyer lets only the very best passing shots get by him without trying for them. He tries for everything as though he were a goalkeeper in soccer or hockey.

Try this idea when you are at net: Pretend you are tending goal and that any fall that gets past you is scored against you. Remember that your opponent will try to hit the ball past you, so be prepared to move left or right to protect the goal.

When waiting for your opp-onent to hit the ball, bend your knees, crouch a bit and prepare yourself mentally and physically to prevent any ball from passing you. You don't need a big swing to prevent a "goal," just get your racket out in front of the ball.





DON'T GET TOO CLOSE! YOU MIGHT STEP ON MY GOLF SHOES OR SMUDGE MY WHITE TURTLENECK.





Andy Capp









Mutt 'n' Jeff









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THE BETTER HALF By Vinson

'Mrs. Parker always thinks it's cute when he does that."

THE Daily Crossword by Sidney L. Robbins

61

56 Domiciles

mailets

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played with

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28 Heavy, black wood

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67 Trees



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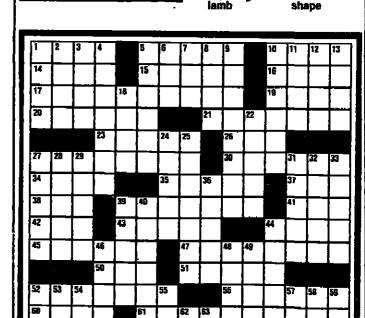
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39 Track

love poetry

sauce 6 Gaelic sea god 9 Apart 10 Woodland 11 Cod's cousin 13 Departed 18 Upon 22 Opera hero 24 Cry of a

46 Senseless 4 Weld 5 Hamburger ones "War --" 49 Trotsky — dbxk 53 A Coward 54 Close 55 Half dozen: pref. Scorched First word of Mass. — go bragh motto 62 Do stage



1981 by Chicago Tribune-N.Y. News Synd. Inc.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

€ 1981 by Chicago Tribune

Q.1-Both vulnerable, as South you hold: **♦KJ872 ♥AQ32 ♦1052 ♦6** The bidding has proceeded: West North East South 1 ◇ 1 ♥ Pass ? What do you bid now?

Q.2-Both vulnerable, as South you hold: **♦85 ♥KQJ6 ♦J10 ♣AJ532** Partner opens the bidding with one heart. What do you

respond?

Q.3 - East-West vulnerable, . as South you hold: ♦976 ♥Q72 ♦AK43 ♦Q76 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 1 ♣ Pass 1 ♦ Pass

2 NT Pass ?

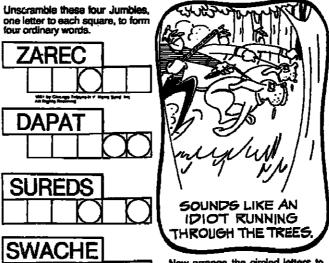
Q.4-As South, vulnerable, you hold: ♥AK1096 ♦AJ7 ♣A9853 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East 1 ♥ Pass 2 ♣ Pass

What do you bid now? Q.5-Both vulnerable, as South you hold: +10763 ♥KQ10743 ♦6 +92 The bidding has proceeded: North East South 1 0 2 4 ? What do you bid?

Q.6-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: ◆AQJ64 ♥1092 ♥A42 ◆43 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 1 ♥ Pass 1 + Pass 3 + Pass ? What do you bid now?

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Amold and Bob Lee

DAPAT



SWACHE Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon. Print answer here: (X)

Jumbles: FROZE BRIAR ORATOR SUBDUE Answer: What he did when he got the bill for the rafters—RAISED THE ROOF

WORLD

Britain becomes EEC leader, hopes to solve Afghan crisis

LUXEMBOURG, July 1 (R) — Britain takes over the leadership of the European Common Market today, cautiously hopeful that quiet diplomacy may help nudge the Soviet Union out of Afghanistan.

The rotating six-month pre-sidency of the European Economic Community (EEC) normally involves beavy backstage drudgery in conducting negotiations over such problems as fishing quotas and farm prices.

Britain hopes for a more glamorous role while the forein secretary, Lord Carrington, is in the chair, with the Common Market seeking political solutions for both Afghanistan and the Middle East.

Lord Carrington is flying to Moscow on Sunday for a 24-hour visit aimed at persuading Kremlin leaders to join international talks. Until recently, Britain hoped

Lord Carrington's tenure would be highlighted by new efforts to press the Common Market's 12-month-old but slow-moving Middle East peace initiative.

Officials say this is now likely to mark time for at least the early stages of the British presidency, because of renewed tensions in the Middle East and uncertainty over both U.S. and Israeli policies following yesterday's Israeli general election.

They say now the emphasis will switch to Afghanistan to give timefor the complex pieces of the Middle East jigsaw to fall into place.

Government leaders at a twoday community summit in Luxembourg this week agreed they would have to wait for developments in the U.S. and Israel, and that their initiative would probably be delayed until EEC foreign ministers meet informally at a British country hideaway on Carrington's plans

Although there have been no signs that Moscow is ready to withdraw from Afghanistan, Lord Carrington believes condemnation of the Soviet military presence by Third World countries may help persuade Kremlin leaders to nibble at the British

Now backed by the EEC, this calls for a two-stage conference involving major world powers, Afghanistan's neighbours, and representatives of the Afghan people to negotiate safeguards to give the country a guaranteed status as a non-aligned state.

EEC diplomats believe Britain pushed the idea because it sensed Moscow might be weary after an unsuccessful 18-month attempt to pacify Afghan guerrillas, and partly to give an added boost to the British presidency.

If Britain succeeds in patching together an Afghan solution that would enable the Soviet Union to withdraw without undue loss of face, it would be a major coup for Lord Carrington.

British officials, however, have cautioned that possibilities are limited and have tried to dampen speculation that Lord Carrington's diplomatic skills may achieve spectacular results.

Lord Carrington's negotiating prowess was widely recognised when he succeeded two years ago in getting Rhodesian whites and black nationlists to agree to end a long bush war and work together



in the independent African state

British officials say that Britian was in a privileged position over Rhodesia, as the former colonial power, and that it enjoys no comparable leverage in the Afghan and Middle East crises.

The Common Market's search. for a Middle East role is complicated because its initiative is distrusted by U.S. officials, and there is now a possibility that France's new Socialist President Francois Mitterrand may also be cool towards a specific European involvement.

At the Luxembourg summit, Mr. Mitterrand urged his Common Market partners not to undercut U.S. peace efforts based on the 1978 Camp David accords

between Israel and Egypt. EEC diplomats believe the French leader's apparent doubts over a European role could make it difficult for the Community to become seriously involved in peacemaking.

The EEC position is based on eventual participation in the peace process by the Palestine Lib-eration Organisation (PLO), a proposal opposed by the U.S. and

A new obituary for Mao

Mao according to Hu -a hero with many flaws

Waldheim for a 3rd term?

GENEVA, July 1 (A.P.) - U.N. Secretary General Kurt Waldheim

ridiculed Wednesday as "naive and primitive" suggestions he could

be held accountable for unrelieved global tensions, and sidestepped a

question about whether the international situation, which he called

tense and dangerous," could be interpreted as a personal failure and

Mr. Waldheim, 62, said during a news conference he has not

He declined comment about the candidacy of Tanzanian Foreign

Minister Salim Ahmed Salim, who won the endorsement for the

leading U.N. position at last month's summit meeting of the org-

Mr. Waldheim, whose term expires Dec. 31, conceded he is "very

He declared, "it's a naive and primitive argument to say, well, it's

For reelection, Mr. Waldheim would have to be nominated by nine

of 15 members of the U.N. Security Council. Election is by simple

majority among the 154 countries of the general assembly.

the secretary-general who should solve the problems. I do what I can

often deeply frustrated by the international situation... by selfish

nationalism" and said the former secretary-general Mr. U Thant be

sufficient reason for him not to seek an unprecedented third term.

decided whether to go after another five-year term in the

\$140,000-a-year post, reiterating that his answer will come "in due

PEKING, July 1 (R) — China's new Communist Party Chairman Hu Yaobang told the nation today that Mao Tse-tung was the greatest national hero in Chinese history but his leadership led to personality cults and anarchism.

In an inaugural speech broadcast to commemorate the 60th anniversary of the founding of the party, Mr. Hu said China must undo all the negative consequences of Mao's cultural revolution from 1966-76.

He called on the 39 million party members to devote themselves selflessly to the Communist cause and said that under his leadership he would put democracy within the party on a sou-

anisation of African Unity.

considered "a miracle man."

Mr. Hu, who replaced Mao's successor Hua Guofeng on Monday, said the cultural revolution had disrupted collective leadership and personality cults and anarchism had prevailed.

"No comrade in the party must ever forget this bitter lesson and we must all take warning from it." he said.

"We must ban all forms of the personality cult," Mr. Hu added. "We must put democratic life in the party on a sounder basis and strengthen party organisation and discipline."

He outlined of Mao's errors, but blamed the party for failing to stop

WORLD NEWS BRIEF

'Romans in Britain'; indecent?

LONDON, July 1 (R) - A leading theatrical director was sent trial yesterday charged with procuring an act of gross indecend staging a scene of simulated homosexual rape. Mr. Michael B. danov will stand trial at the Old Bailey central criminal courts the scene in London's National Theatre production of a Romans in Britain." Magistrate Kenneth Harington said at two-day hearing there was some evidence which should to be a jury. "Obviously it is a case of public importance, but rate mundane offence," he said. Mr. Bogdamy was prosecuted in the sexual offences act which concerns one man procuring to of gross indecency between two other men. The law is generated for dealing with homosexual behaviour in public toilest parks. The controversial scene set during the Roman invasing Britain portrayed the attempted homosexual rape of a Britis three Romans. Britain's most prominent anti-parnography. paigner, Mary Whitehouse, took out the private progen under the sexual offences act after being refused permission bring one under the 1968 theatres act. The Actors' Union et backed Bogdanov. A spokesman said the union "heliese stifling of artistic freedom through criminal proceedings show

W.Berlin tries new line on squatters

WEST BERLIN, July 1 (R) - West Berlin's Senate (city) ernment) today adopted a new policy on squatters occup houses in the city to try to end their violent clashes with the pol Building senator Ulrich Rasemborski said the senate hoped able to legalise some of the 160 house occupations with owners' consent. Squatters evicted from other houses will offered accommodation elsewhere. He also said the senate ended to expand its 20 million mark (about \$8 million) gramme to house the homeless. About 800 buildings stander m West Berlin. Fierce riots between police and squatters folk evictions from several houses last week, which appeared to the start of a tougher attitude from the new Conservative min city government. But today's new line was very similar to the forward by the Social Democrat-Liberal alliance ousted in elections last month.

Poles criticise war-crime sentences

WARSAW, July 1 (R) - Poland yesterday criticised sem imposed by a West German court on eight former Nazi guards as much too lenient. In a commentary on the ti Duesseldorf of former guards at the concentration camp at danek, Poland, the Polish news agency PAP said that aparti life sentence on the main defendant the punishments be relation to the crimes committed. The sentences could not: the victims of the Nazi regime, the agency said, and critics scandalous course of the trial itself, and the fact that or 17 defendants were to have been tried. PAP welcomed t response to the case in the West German media but said tha were still some 2,500 Nazi war criminals to bring to tri investigations against them proceed as sluggishly as in sseldorf, then only a few of them will ever be punished," PA

Kabul rejects Western plans for Soviet pullout

PARIS, July 1 (R) — Afghanistan rejects Western proposals for an international conference on the country. Afghan Embassy Counsellor Hamid Nezam said yesterday.

But he told a press conference that Afghanistan was ready for separate talks with Iran and Pakistan, its neighbours, in the presence of an envoy sent by United Nations Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim.

Mr. Nezam said the presence of Soviet troops in his country was an internal matter, and his government refused to turn it into an international issue.

"Afghanistan rejects all Western proposals for an international conference on Soviet troops in our_ country, but we are prepared to discuss matters of common interest with our neighbours, Pak-

of a British plan to negotiate Soviet withdrawal under security safeguards.

Heavy fighting

Meanwhile, six Soviet soldiers were reported shot in rebel attacks in Kabul and heavy fighting continued in some areas of Afghanistan last week, Western dipiomatic sources said here today.

Four Russian soldiers were shot by rebels in front of a cinema in the Shar-i-Nau area of Kabul on June 22 and four Afghan gunmen were seen to get away on two motorcycles, the sources said. It was

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A Taher Al Fourati

Tunisia.

istan and Iran, on a bilateral basis and without any prior conditions," not known whether the Russians were killed.

The rebels struck again on June The diplomat said he was ref- 24, shooting dead an Afghan milerring to European Economic itary officer outside the interior Community (EEC) proposals on ministry in Kabul, and the official Afghanistan, and EEC approval media reported on June 26 that a religious leader, maulawi Abdul Hamid, had been assassinated on June 24.

The sources said there had been reports of heavy fighting in the city Kandahar, south-west of Kabul, where rebels had attacked a number of Afghan government installations last week.

The Russians were reported to have mounted heavy artillery and aerial bombardments on suspected rebel positions in Pagman town, the former royal resort about 12 kilometres west of Kabul, the sources said.

An Afghan contact said that 18 coffins were brought to a military hospital from Pagman on June 22 and were believed to contain the bodies of Soviet and Afghan casualties, the sources said.

They said that Soviet troops were reported to have thrown grenades into an underwater channel where villagers were hiding during fighting near the far-western city of Herat.

The sources said the angry villagers later lured the Russian troops into a trap and several soldiers were killed by rebels before the Soviet contingent fought its way

The youth who fired at queen on trial

LONDON, July I (R) - A British youth accused of discharging a revolver near Queen Elizabeth with intent to alarm her was com-·mitted for trial today to the central criminal court.

1842 treason act.

In another court case today, American Ronald Zen pleaded guilty to sending a hoax bomb device to the queen and threatening to kill Prince Charles, heir to the throne, and his fiancee, Lady Diana Spencer.

He also admitted threatening to blow up banks in London. Zen was ordered to be held for three weeks for psychiatric reports.

Prosecutor Colin Cleugh said Zen, from Brooklyn, New York, told police that he had had no intention of, nor was capable of, carrying out the threats. He said Zen was converted to Zen Buddhism last year and changed his name from Ronald Rampolla.

blank shots

British officials say Lord Car-

They say he is reluctant to fol-

Both former presidents tra-

British officials say Lord Car-

rington has "quite a few ideas on

the Middle East, but nothing has

Moscow remains cool

Meanwhile, the official Soviet

news agency TASS last night ind-

icated that the Kremlin view on

that the "only true road" to an

Afghan settlement lay in pro-

posals mad by Afghanistan's

pro-Moscow government in May

Shortly before issuing the com-

mentary, TASS announced a for-

theoming visit by the British for-

eign secretary, Lord Carrington, to explain a new Western initiative

aimed at securing a withdrawal of

Soviet troops from Afghanistan. The wording of the commentary suggested that the chances of sub-

stantial progress on Afghanistan

during Lord Carrington's visit

of Lord Carrington's visit next

Sunday made no allusion to the

that Moscow would try to play

down the new Western initiative

and present the 24-hour visit as

part of moves by the British gov-

ernment to improve its poor rel-

ations with the Soviet Union.

Western diplomats suggested

Afghan problem.

The terse TASS announcemnt

In a commentary it reiterated

Afghanistan was unchanged.

velled widely in the area but failed

posals for a settlement.

been formulated so far."

rington would be ready to meet

The charge against Marcus Sarjeant, 17, referred to an incident in London on June 13 when blank shots were fired near the queen as she was riding her horse to a military ceremony.

Sarjeant was charged under the

S. African regime cracks down on more students

JOHANNESBURG, July 1 (R) — The South African government issued banning orders yesterday on several student activists, the latest move in a clampdown on its critics.

Student leaders said security police had handed banning orders, which restrict movement and activities, to Faroz Cachalia and his brother Azar, Indian students studying at the University of the Witwatersrand in Johannesburg. A black student, Sibongily Nth-

embu, also had been banned for three years, they said. banning yesterday of Andrew Boraine, white president of the

The latest action followed the National Union of Students. About 200 people, including students, trade unionists and journalists, have been arrested or banned under security legislation in the past few weeks.

Student sources said they believed security police were in the process of handing out further banning orders in Johannesburg.

The Witwatersrand University has drawn government attention since a South African flag was burned by demonstrators last month.

Mr. Sammy Adelman, white president of the university's Students Representative Council, has been banned for five years. Mr. Ghalib Cachalia, chairman of the Black Student Society, was released on Sunday after being arrested last week, Mr. Cachalia is a cousin of Faroz and Azar Cac-

THE Weekend Crossword

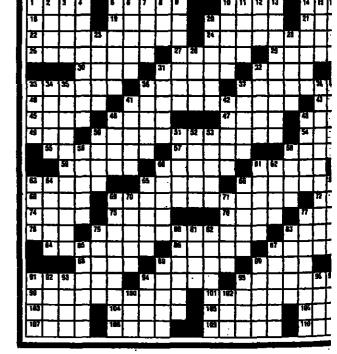
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19 X I9, by Martha J. De Witt

(formerly The New York Herald Tribune Crossword) Edited by Herb Ettenson



Last Week's Cryptogram

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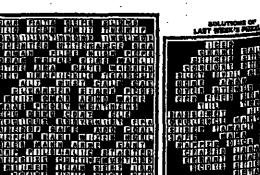
CRYPTOGRAMS

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